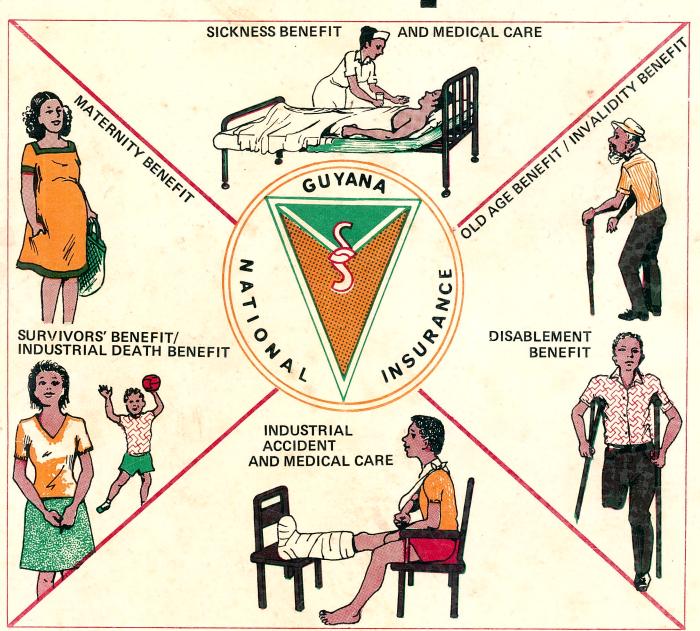
# annual report





## NATIONAL INSURANCE SCHEME

# 1983 ANNUAL REPORT





His Excellency, Cde. H.D. Hoyte, S.C., President of the Co-operative Republic of Guyana





Cde. Carl Greenidge, M.P. Minister of Finance



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#### **GUYANA NATIONAL INSURANCE SCHEME**



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## **Letter of Transmittal**

21st September, 1984

Comrade C. Greenidge, Minister, Economic Planning and Finance, Main Street, Georgetown.

Dear Comrade Minister,

I have the honour to submit to you the Annual Report on the activities of the National Insurance Board for the year 1983 together with the accounts certified by the Auditors as is required under Section 48 of the Co-operative Financial Institutions Act.

During the year under review the total income of the Scheme amounted to \$123.4M which represented an increase of approximately 5% when compared with the income for the previous year. The previous year's figure was \$117.8M.

The amount collected as contributions from employed and self-employed persons during 1983 decreased by approximately \$10.0M relative to 1982. The amount collected as contribution income during 1983 was \$63.5M while that collected for the previous year was \$73.1M. This decrease in the contribution income was a direct result of the large scale retrenchment which took place in the Public Sector and the contraction of employment in the Private Sector during 1982.

The investment income for 1983 was approximately \$59.8M which represented an increase of approximately \$15.2M relative to that of 1982.

Total expenditure for the year amounted to \$23.4M of which \$16.4M was spent on benefit payments. The payment of Old Age Pensions accounted for \$8.7M or 53% of the total amount spent on benefits.

The cost of administering the Scheme during the year was \$7,0M approximately which was just \$0,4M less than the amount which was actuarially demarcated for this item of expenditure.

The surplus for the year was approximately \$100.0M.

At the end of the year the National Insurance Fund stood at \$586.5M of which \$551.2M or 94% approximately were invested in Government of Guyana debentures.

Yours in co-operation,
NATIONAL INSURANCE – GUYANA

R.A. Charles General Manager



## Introduction

The 15th Annual Report of the National Insurance Board — Guyana is presented hereunder.

The report is presented in accordance with Section 36:01 of the National Insurance and Social Security Act, Chapter 36:01 of the Laws of Guyana.

The Report is set out in its usual form. The first part of the Report summaries the operations of the Board during the year 1983. The second part sets out the financial activities during the year, and the state of the National Insurance Fund as at the end of the year, and is presented in the form of the audited accounts. The third part contains a number of statistical tables which are intended to be used in analysing the operations of the Board during the year.



#### PART I NEW EMPLOYERS

The number of new employers who came on stream during 1983 was 308. This group comprised 267 small-scale employers, that is, those with 10, or less than 10 employees each, 38 medium-scale employers, that is, employers who had between 11 and 50 employees each, and 3 large-scale employers.

The Industrial distribution of the new employers shows that the 'Services' sector absorbed 130 or 42% approximately of those new employers. Fifty-eight or 19% approximately of those employers joined the 'Commerce' sector, 46 or 15% approximately joined the 'Manufacturing' sector and 38 or 12% approximately joined the 'Construction' sector. In addition, 27, or 9% approximately, new employers entered the 'Agriculture, Forestry, Hunting and Fishing' sector while 8 or 3% approximately were absorbed into the 'Transport' sector and one went into 'Sanitary Services'. This distribution is shown in table 1 in the Annex.

A comparison of the distribution industry-wise, of the 1983 entrants with those of the previous year shows that the pattern was almost the same. In both years 'Services' sector absorbed the majority of new employers. The number of employers who entered the 'Manufacturing' and the 'Agriculture, Forestry, Hunting and Fishing' sectors were about the same in 1983 as in 1982. There were increases in the number of employers who entered the 'Commerce' and 'Construction' sectors and decreases in the number who entered the 'Transport' and the 'Sanitary Services' sectors in 1983 relative to 1982.

The number of employers registered during 1982 was 315. The number of employers registered during 1983 therefore represents a decrease of 2% approximately when compared to that of the previous year. The table 1 below gives the number of employers registered annually by type of industry over the period 1979 to 1983.

TABLE 1

NUMBER OF EMPLOYERS REGISTERED ANNUALLY

1979 – 1983

TYPE OF INDUSTRY	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983
Agriculture, forestry, hunting and fishing	34	36	35	29	27
Mining and quarrying	-	1	5	2	
Manufacturing	49	46	110	48	46
Construction	43	28	16	26	38
Electricity, gas, water and sanitary services	3	4	4	4	1
Commerce	58	37	49	34	58
Transport, storage and communication	16	16	31	22	8
Services	173	159	199	150	130
Others	_	1	_	_	_
TOTAL	376	328	449	315	308

### **GUYANA NATIONAL INSURANCE SCHEME**



The table shows that overall, the number of employers registering annually has been following a decreasing trend over the period under investigation. This trend was not, however, a smooth one. The 1981 figure shows an upsurge relative to the other years. This was mainly accounted for by the increase in employers entering the 'Manufacturing' and the 'Services' industries during that year.

The registration of the 308 employers during 1983 brought the total number of employers registered so far to 13,486. However, over the years a number of those employers became defunct. The number of defunct employers recorded over the period 1969 to 1983 was 1,659. The number of active employers on roll as at 31st December, 1983 was 11,827.

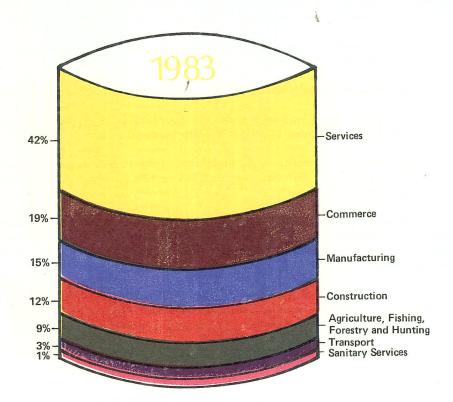
The table 1 in the Annex gives the number of employers who came on stream during 1983 analysed by industry and size, while figure 1 below illustrates this graphically.



FIGURE 1

INDUSTRIAL DISTRIBUTION

EMPLOYERS' REGISTRATION





#### **EMPLOYED PERSONS**

During 1983 a total of 11,729 persons joined the population of employed persons. Seven hundred and forty three of those persons were under the age of 16 years and 44 were over the age of 60 years and, as such, were only insured for Industrial Benefits.

The age distribution of the remaining 10,942 persons shows that 9,362 or 86% approximately were between the ages 16 to 25 years; 1,241 or 11% approximately were between the ages 26 to 40 years and the remaining 339 were between the ages 41 to 60 years. The overall average age was 21 years approximately.

The male/female distribution shows that of the 10,942 persons between the ages 16 to 60 years, 6,663 were males and 4,279 females.

The average age of males was 20 years and that of females 22 years approximately.

Of the 743 persons who were under the age of 16 years, 538 were males and 205 females. The corresponding figures for those 44 persons over the age of 60 years were 32 and 12.

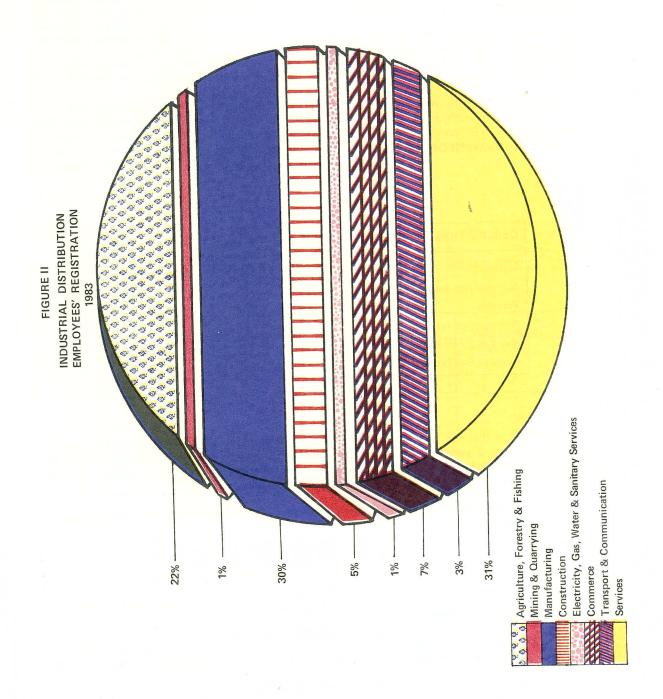
The distribution by marital status shows that of the 10,942 entrants, who were within the age group 16 to 60 years, 9,320 or 85% were single, 1,314 or 12% were married and the remaining 308 were distributed among the other categories.

The distribution by industrial sector shows that the main sectors of economic activities entered by these new registrants during the year were the 'Services' sector, the 'Manufacturing' sector and the 'Agriculture' sector. These 3 sectors accounted for approximately 31%, 30% and 21% respectively, of the new registrants.

The table II of the Annex shows the 1983 registrants analysed by age group, sex and martial status, while table III shows these registrants analysed by industrial sector and sex.

Figure 2 below shows the industrial distribution of the 1983 registrants.







The number of persons who were registered during 1982 as employed persons was 13,435. The number registered during 1983, therefore, shows a decrease of about 13% approximately when compared with the previous year.

The number of persons, within the age group 16 to 60 years, who were registered annually over the last 5 years is given in table 2 below together with their average ages at time of registration.

#### TABLE 2

## NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES (AGE 16 TO 60 YEARS) REGISTERED ANNUALLY AND AVERAGE AGE 1979 - 1983

DESCRIPTION	1/979	1980	1981	1982	1983
Males	8,389	8,332	9,265	7,416	6,663
Average Age (years)	21	20	20	21	20
Females	5,148	5,452	5,864	5,138	4,279
Average Age (years)	24	23	23	24	224
Males and Females	13,537	13,784	15,129	12,554	10,942
Average Age (years)	22	21	21	22	21

The table shows that the total number of persons registered annually over the period in question increased over the first 3 years then declined over the last 2 years. This trend was followed by both the male and female population though with different degrees of inclinations. The number of persons registered in 1983 was the lowest in the entire series, both component and total-wise.

The overall average age remained relatively stable despite the apparent inclination of the average age of the female entrants to decrease.

#### SELF-EMPLOYED REGISTRANTS

The total number of persons who were registered as self-employed persons during 1983 was 299. This population comprised of 231 males and 68 females.

Of the 299 registrants, 163 were persons who were previously registered as employed persons but during the year opted to self-employment. The remaining 136 persons were registered during the year for the first time and entered directly in the self-employed population. This group comprised 92 males and 44 females

The distribution, industry-wise, of the 299 self-employed registrants was somewhat similar to that of the previous year with the dominant area of economic activity being the Wholesale and Retail Trade. This sector alone accounted for 118 or 40% of the new entrants. There were 62 self-employed persons, or about 21% of the new registrants, who were absorbed into the 'Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing' sector, 45 or

#### **GUYANA NATIONAL INSURANCE SCHEME**



15% approximately who joined the 'Services' sector, and another 35 or 12% who went into the 'Manufacturing' sector. In addition, the 'Construction' sector accounted for 28 or 9% and the 'Transport' sector, for 10 or 3% of the new registrants. The 1 remaining self-employed registrant came from the 'Crude Petroleum and natural gas' sector.

The distribution by marital status of these new entrants shows that overall, 198 or 66% were married, 82 or 28% were single, 6 or 2% were widowed and the remaining 13 or 4% were either divorced or separated.

The distribution by marital status of the male registrants shows that, of the 231 registrants, 160 or 69% were married, 58 or 25% were single, 3 or 1% were widowed and the remaining 10 or 5% were either divorced or separated. The corresponding figures for the female registrants were 38 or 56%, 24 or 35%, 3 or 4% and 3 or 4% approximately. The table 3 below gives the number of self-employed registrants analysed by marital status and sex

TABLE 3

SELF-EMPLOYED REGISTRANTS BY MARITAL STATUS AND SEX
1983

MARITAL STATUS	MALES	FEMALES	MALES AND FEMALES	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
D.C. suria d	160	38	198	
Married Single	58	24	82	
Widowed	3	3	6	
Divorced	6	3	9	
Separated	4	<del>-</del>	4	
Total	231	68	299	

The average age of the new registrants was approximately 37 years for both male and female entrants.

The age distribution shows that, overall, about 49% of the new entrants were within the age group 21 to 35 years, 4% within the age group 16 to 20 years and the remaining 47% within the age group 36 to 60 years.

The analysis of the individual age-distributions for male and female entrants shows that 52% of the male entrants and 40% of the female entrants were between the ages 21 to 35.

The age group 16 to 20 years had incident thereon 2% of male and 9% of the female entrants.

The distribution is given in table IV of the Annex.



The number of self-employed persons registered during 1982 was 531. The number registered in 1983, therefore, represents a decrease of 44% approximately when compared with that of the previous year.

A comparison of the number of self-employed persons who entered the various industrial sectors during the year with that of the previous year reveals that there was a significant reduction, percentage-wise, in the number of persons entering the 'Wholesale and Retail Trade', the 'Rice Farming' and 'Manufacture of Transport Equipment' industry sectors. The 1983 entrants into the 'Wholesale and Retail Trade' dropped by about 45% while in the 'Rice Farming' and 'Manufacture of Transport Equipment' industries the decreases were to the extent of 64% and 86% respectively.

The table 4 below gives the number of self-employed registrants annually over the period 1979 to 1983.

TABLE 4 NUMBER OF SELF-EMPLOYED REGISTRANTS ANNUALLY

1979 - 1983

DESCRIPTION (1)	1979 (2)	1980 (3)	1981 (4)	1982 (5)	1983 (6)
Males	698	327	431	412	231
Females	97	78	123	119	68
Males and Females	795	405	554	531	299

The table shows that the number of self-employed persons registered during 1983 was the lowest over the last five years. This was so for both the male and female registrants. The number of self-employed registrants annually has been behaving in a somewhat random manner over the given period. However, the ratio of male registrants to the female registrants has been almost stable over the stated period and stood at about 1:4, except in 1979, when it was 1:7.

The Table IV in the Annex gives the 1983 self-employed registrants analysed by age group, sex and marital status and Table V shows the distribution by Industry and Sex.

#### **VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTORS**

During 1983, only 1 person applied for a certificate of voluntary insurance. That application, however, was not considered due to the deficiency in the information supplied by the applicant.

The number of persons who contributed under voluntary insurance during the year was 2. Both contributed in the wage group V and both were 58 years old.

Over the years, the population of voluntary contributors has been decadent, e.g. in 1979 there were only 6 active voluntary contributors. In both 1980 and 1981 no one contributed under such insurance, and in 1982 there were 7.

#### **GUYANA NATIONAL INSURANCE SCHEME**



It is the experience of the Scheme, that little or no use is made by insured persons of the provision to opt to voluntary insurance despite the fact that such action could ensure them a higher pension on their attaining the pensionable age.

#### LONG TERM BENEFITS BRANCH

#### **OLD AGE PENSIONS**

The number of persons who joined the population of Old Age Pensioners during the year was 1,045. Of these new entrants only 601 or 58% were persons who attained the age of 60 years during 1983 and who applied for and were awarded the benefit during the year. The age distribution of the remaining 444 persons shows that 274 were awarded the pension at age 61 years. An additional 118 of the new awardees were within the age group 62-64 years and the remaining 52 were 65 years or over at the time of award of the pensions. The average age of these new pensioners was 62 years. This can be seen in table 5 below:—

TABLE 5

NUMBER OF OLD AGE PENSIONS GRANTED BY AGE GROUP AND SEX

1983

AGE GROUP	MALES	FEMALES	MALES AND FEMALES
60 – 64	804	189	993
65 – 69	31	13	44
70 – 74	. 4	4	8
TOTAL	839	206	1,045
Average Age	62	63	62

The average fortnightly amount of the pensions awarded was \$49.00 approximately.

Of the 1,045 pensions awarded, 839 were awarded to males, 18 of whom were in the self-employed category, and 206 to females, 4 of whom were in the self-employed category, Those 22 persons from the self-employed category who were awarded pensions during the year were within the age group 60-62 years.



An examination of the number of contributions, both paid and credited, on which the pensions awarded during the year were based, shows that on the average, the pensions were awarded on 849 contributions, i.e. approximately 2% above the minimum pension which could be awarded in the various wage groups. The averages of such contributions as per age at time of award ranged from 753 to 895, i.e. from 0 to 2% above the minimum in the various wage groups. For both males and females the averages were about the same. Although the average for males tended to be a bit higher than that of females the difference was not large enough to cause a difference in the percentage of the pension which were awarded to those groups.

The overall average number of contributions which were credited to those persons who were awarded the pensions during 1983 was 321 or about 38% approximately of the average total contributions on which the pensions were based.

The corresponding averages for males and females differed slightly. In the case of the male pensioners 37% of the contributions on which the pensions were based were credited contributions, whereas in the case of females this percentage stood at 40% approximately. This is shown in table VI of the Annex.

The number of Old Age Pensions which were awarded during 1982 was 988. The number awarded during 1983, therefore, shows an increase of roughly 6% when compared with the previous year.

The number of Old Age Pensions which were in payment at the beginning of 1983 was 8,510. That population was made up of 7,138 males and 1,372 females. The average fortnightly amount of those pensions was \$36.00 approximately. The number of pensions awarded during the year was 1,045. During the year, 275 pensioners died thus leaving the population of active Old Age Pensioners, at 9,280 as at 31.12.83. There were 7,721 males and 1,559 female pensioners in this population. The average fortnightly amount of the pension was \$37.50 approximately. The table 6 below gives the movement of the population of Old Age Pensioners during 1983:—

TABLE 6
MOVEMENT OF OLD AGE PENSIONS
1983

DESCRIPTION	MALES	FEMALES	MALES & FEMALES	AVERAGE FORTNIGHTLY AMOUNT
Pensions in payment at beginning of year	7,138	1,372*	8,510*	35.98*
Pensions granted during the year	839	206	1,045	48.59
Pensions terminated during the year	256	19	275	33.45
Pensions in payment at end of year	7,721	1,559	9,280	37.49

The table VII in the Annex gives the number of Old Age Pensions which were in payment at the end of the year analysed by age and sex of recipients and category of employment.

<sup>\* -</sup> Revised figures



#### OLD AGE LUMP SUM PAYMENTS

Two hundred and forty Old Age lump sum payments were made during the year. These payments were effected to 181 males and 59 females. Two hundred and twenty nine payments were made to persons in the employed category and 11 to persons in the self-employed category. The overall average amount of the payment was \$540.00. The average amount of payment made to males was \$570.00 and that to females, \$450.00 approximately.

The average number of contributions which were paid by persons who were awarded this benefit during the year was 258 and the average number of credited contributions awarded was 240, thus giving a total average of 498 paid and credited contributions. An examination of the distribution of the 2 types of contributions by sex of contributor shows that on the average females paid approximately one year's contributions more than males. The average number of credited contributions was approximately the same for both males and females. Most of the females, however, had contributions paid in the lowest wage group, i.e. wage group I, whereas the contributions for males were concentrated in the wage group V. This pattern is brought out in the table 7 below:—

#### TABLE 7-OLD AGE LUMP SUM BENEFIT

#### PAYMENTS MADE AS PER WAGE GROUP AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF PAID AND CREDITED CONTRIBUTIONS 1983

	WAGE GROUP							NUMBER OF CONTRIBUTIONS						
DESCRIPTION	1	11	111	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	ıx	х	Total	Paid	Credited	Total
Males	18	19	29	19	74	11	3	1	2	5	181	44,560	43,341	87,901
Females	23	7	10	6	7	6	_	_	_	_	59	17,231	14,328	31,559
TOTAL	41	26	39	25	81	17	3	1	2	5	240	61,791	57,669	119,460

The above table shows that the greatest number of payments, to male recipients, was made in wage-group V. Seventy four, or 41% approximately, of the males received payments in this group. The greatest number of payments, with respect to female recipients, was made in wage-group I. This group comprised 23, or 39% approximately of the female recipients.

The distribution by age group of the recipients of this benefit shows that 197 or 82% of the recipients were between the ages 60-64 years, 26 or 11% approximately were between the ages 65-69 years and the remaining 17, i.e. 7% approximately were 70 years or over. The average age of the recipients of this benefit was 62 years. The average age of the male recipients was 63 years and that of the females recipients 62 years approximately.

The number of lump sum payments made during the period 1979 to 1983 and the average amount of such payments are given in the table 8 below:—



# TABLE 8 NUMBER OF LUMP SUM PAYMENTS MADE AND AVERAGE AMOUNT OF PAYMENT 1979 – 1983

DESCRIPTION	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	
Employed	204	203	109	229	229	
Self-employed	1	6	2	3	11	
TOTAL	205	209	09 111 232		240	
Average Amount	\$352.00	\$388.00	\$451.00	\$478.00	\$540.00	

The table shows that, with the exception of the year 1981, the number of lump sum payments made annually was within the range of 205 to 240. There was, therefore, no significant movement in the number of payments made over those years although the series displayed a slightly upward trend. The average amount of the payment, as was expected, has increased annually. The 1983 average amount was more than 1.5 times the average amount of 1979. This trend in the average amount is expected to continue, while that in the number of payments made annually is expected to decrease in the years to come.

The table VIII in the Annex gives the number of lump sum payments made during the year analysed by age, sex and employment status of the recipients.



#### **INVALIDITY PENSIONS**

The number of persons who were granted Invalidity Pensions during the year was 147. This group consisted of 105 males and 42 females.

Of the 147 invalidity pensioners, 145 were previously employed persons and 2, previously selfemployed persons. Of the two pensioners from the self-employed category, one was a male and the other a female.

The ages of the recipients of Invalidity Pensions ranged from 22 years to 59 years with the average age for both males and females being 52 years approximately.

The age distribution of those pensioners shows that 107 or 73% approximately were within the age group of 50-59 years. The age groups 40-49 and 30-39 years, accounted for 30 and 8 pensioners respectively. Two pensioners were under 30 years.

An examination of the contribution position of those persons who were awarded the pension reveals that, on the average, persons qualified for the receipt of the pension with approximately 658 contributions of which 527 or 80% were contributions which were actually paid by, or on behalf of, the insured person, and 131 or 20% were credited contributions.

The distribution of the pensions awarded within the various wage-groups shows that the majority of payments were made in wage-groups V to X. There were 126 pensions paid within those groups. They were distributed as follows:— In the wage-group V, 47 pensions were paid; in the wage-group VI, 27 pensions were paid and in the wage-group VII, 3 pensions. In the wage-groups VIII and IX, 2 pensions each were paid and in the wage-group X, 45 pensions.

Twenty-one pensions were paid in wage-groups I to IV. Three of those were paid in the wage-group I, 4 in wage-group II, 6 in wage-group III and 8 in wage-group IV.

The average fortnightly amount of the Pension was \$69.27 approximately.

A comparison of the number of pensions awarded during 1983 with that awarded during the previous year shows that the 1983 figure was approximately 4 times that of the previous year. In fact the number of pensioners who came on stream during 1983 was more than the accumulated number of pensioners who came on stream prior to 1983. This, naturally, was a direct consequence of the change in the conditions surrounding the award of this benefit which became effective from July 1981.

The table 9 below shows the number of Invalidity Pensions awarded during the period 1979–1983.

TABLE 9
NUMBER OF INVALIDITY PENSIONS AWARDED BY
SEX AND AVERAGE FORNIGHTLY AMOUNT
1979 – 1983

DESCRIPTION	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983
Males	9	8	16	34	105
Females	2	2	3	4	42
Males and Females	11	10	19	38	147
Average fornightly amount	\$27.30	\$27.44	\$37.87	\$53.09	\$69.27



The table shows that, over the last 4 years, both the number of Invalidity Pensions awarded annually and the average fornightly amounts followed increasing trends. Compared to the other years under review the number of pensions awarded during 1983 ranged from 4 to 15 times approximately those awarded during the former years, while the average fornightly amounts ranged from 1 1/3 to 2½ times approximately those awarded during the said period. It is expected that this trend will continue for a few more years to come, after which the number of such pensions awarded annually will begin to level off.

The number of Invalidity Pensions which were in payment at the beginning of the year was 46. The 147 pensions which were awarded during the year, therefore, brought the number of pensions which were being paid during the year to 193. During the year, however, 25 pensions were terminated; 20 of those pensions were terminated because the pensioners attained the age of 60 years and 5 were terminated due to the death of the pensioners. At the end of the year, therefore, there were 168 Invalidity Pensions in payment. The average fornightly amount of those Pensions was \$65.00 approximately. The table 10 below shows the movement of Invalidity Pensions during 1983.

TABLE 10
MOVEMENT OF INVALIDITY PENSIONS
1983

DESCRIPTION (1)	MALES (2)	FEMALES (3)	MALES & FEMALES (4)	AVERAGE FORT— NIGHTLY AMOUNT (5)	
Pensions in payment at the beginning of year	43	3	46	\$46.68	
Pensions granted during the year	105	42	147	\$69.27	
Pensions terminated during the year by: (a) attaining age					
60 years	16	4	20	\$53.15	
(b) death	4	1	5	\$67.42	
Pensions in payment at 31.12.83	128	40	168	\$65.06	

The table IX in the Annex gives the 1983 Pensions analysis by age and sex of the Invalidity Pensioners and the number of contributions on which payments were made by each year of age, and the table X, the number of Pensions which were in payment as at 31.12.83 analysed by age and sex of pensioner.



#### INVALIDITY LUMP SUM PAYMENTS

The number of Invalidity Lump Sum Payments made during the year-was 28. Those payments were made to 25 males and 3 females.

The age distribution of the recipients shows that 20 or 71% approximately, were within the age-groups 45 to 59. There were 7 persons who were within the age-group 45 to 49 years, 6 within the age-group 50 to 54 years and 7 within the age-group 55 to 59 years. Those recipients were all males.

There was 1 person who was 29 years old, 2 persons each within the age-groups 30 to 34 years and 35 to 39 years and 3 within the age-group 40 to 44 years.

The overall average age of those recipients was 48 years. The average age of the male recipients was 49 years and that for females was 40 years approximately.

The distribution of the payments among wage-groups shows that the wage-group in which the highest number of payments were made was the wage-group V. In that group, 11 or 39% of the total payments were made. There were 2 payments made in wage-group I; 3 in wage-group II; 6 in wage-group III, and 3 in wage-group IV. 1 payment was made in wage-group VIII and 2 in wage-group X. This is summarised in the table 11 below.

TABLE 11
WAGE GROUP DISTRIBUTION OF INVALIDITY LUMP SUM
PAYMENTS BY SEX OF RECIPIENTS
1983

DESCRIPTION		WAGE-GROUP										
DEGGIII TTGII	I II	Ш	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	ıx	x	TOTAL		
Males	1	3	5	2	11	_	_	1	_	2	25	
Females	1	_	1	1	-	_		_		_	3	
Males & Females	2	3	6	3	11		_	1	_	2	28	
Percentage	7	11	21	11	39	_	_	4	_	7	100	

The overall average amount of the lump sum was \$419.00 approximately. The average amount paid to males was \$436.00 and that paid to females \$275.00 approximately. The amount of the payments ranged from \$58.50 to \$929.00.

The number of Invalidity Lump Sum Payments made during 1982 was 30. The number of lump sum payments awarded during 1983, therefore, was just 7% approximately, less than the previous year.

The table 12 below shows the number of Invalidity Lump Sum Payments made over the period 1979-1983 and the average amount of those payments.



# TABLE 12 NUMBER OF INVALIDITY LUMP SUM PAYMENTS BY SEX OF RECIPIENTS AND AVERAGE AMOUNT 1979 – 1983

DESCRIPTION	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983
Males	72	56	33	24	25
Females	11	17	11	6	3
Males and Females	83	73	44	30	28
Average amount	\$547.00	\$517.00	\$625.00	\$410.00	\$419.13

The table above shows that over the last 5 years, the annual number of Lump Sum Payments made followed a decreasing trend.

There was a significant decrease in the number of such payments made during the years 1981 to 1983 compared with the years 1979 and 1980. This decrease was due mainly to the amendment which was made to this benefit in 1981 and which allowed for more persons to qualify for the Pension than was previously possible.

The table XI in the Annex gives the number of Invalidity Lump Sum Payments awarded during 1983 analysed by age and sex of the recipients together with the amount paid for each year of age.

#### SURVIVORS' PENSIONS

The number of Survivors' Pension awarded during the year was 175 Of this number, 174 pensions were awarded to widows and one to a widower who was over 55 years and incapable of work.

Of the 174 pensions awarded to widows, 38 qualified because they had in their care children of the deceased, 135 qualified because they were over the age of 45 years at the time the insured persons died and the remaining one qualified because she was incapable of work.

The 38 widows who had in their care children of the deceased, had among them 68 children. The age distribution of the children showed that the ages ranged from one year to 18 years with the average age being 12 years approximately

The ages of those 38 widows ranged from 29 years to 57 years with the average age being 47 years approximately. There were 14 of those widows who were under 46 years. The remaining 24 were all over 45 years and they would have qualified for the pension even without children in their care.

The 135 widows who qualified for the pension because they were over 45 years at the date of death of the insured person were between the ages of 45 years and 76 years with the average age being 59 years approximately.



The age distribution of the 174 widow pensioners showed that 1 was below 35 years, 3 were between (35-39) years and 9 between the ages (40-44) years. The age group (45-49) years had 17 widows incident thereon while the age group (50-54) years accounted for 27 widows, and age group (55-59) years had 52 widows. There were also 31 widow pensioners in age group (60-64) years, 19 in age group (65-69) years and 15 who were 70 years or over.

The one widower who was paid Survivors' Pension in 1983 was 72 years old and he was paid at a weekly rate of \$4.88.

The average amount of the pensions paid to those widows who had in their care children of the deceased was \$8.90 per week while the average for those widows who qualified because they were over 45 years of age was \$9.54 per week. The one widow who qualified because she was permanently incapable of work received \$7.28 per week. The total average weekly amount of pensions awarded during the year was \$9.49.

The number of Survivors' Pensions which were in payment at the beginning of the year was 77. The number awarded during the year was 175. The number of pensions being paid as at 1983-12-31 was 252. There were no termination of pensions during the year.

The Table 13 below gives the movement of Survivor's' Pensions during the year.

TABLE 13
MOVEMENT OF SURVIVORS' PENSIONS
1983

DESCRIPTION (1)	WIDOWS WITH CHILDREN (2)	AVERAGE WEEKLY AMOUNT (3)	WIDOWS OVER 45 YEARS (4)	AVERAGE WEEKLY AMOUNT (5)	OTHER DEPENDANTS (6)	AVERAGE WEEKLY AMOUNT (7)	TOTAL (8)	AVERAGE WEEKLY AMOUNT (9)
Pensions in payment at the beginning of the								
year	14	12.00	63	9.50	_	_ `	77	9.85
Pensions awarded during the year	38	8,90	135	9,54	2*	6.08	175	9.36
Pensions terminated:								
(a) Remarriage	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	_
(b) Death	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_
Pensions in payment as at			_	5.	* * <u>a</u>			
1983-12-31	52	9.73	198	9.46	2	6,08	252	9.52

<sup>\* -</sup> One was a widow incapable of work and the other was a widower over 55 years.



The Table XII in the Annex gives the number of Survivors' Pensions awarded analysed by the age group and conditions under which the benefits were awarded.

#### SURVIVORS' LUMP SUM (GRANTS)

The number of Survivors' Lump Sum Payments made during the year was 12. Those payments were all made to widows. All 12 widows qualified for the payment because they were over 45 years old on the dates of death of the insured persons and were maintained by the deceased persons during their lifetimes.

The average age of the widows was 58 years approximately. The age range was from 54 years to 67 years.

The average amount of the payment was \$839.00 approximately. The highest amount of the payment was \$1,152.00 and the lowest \$304.00 approximately.

A comparison of the number of Survivors' Lump Sum Payments made in 1983 with those made in 1982 shows that there was a 56% approximate drop in 1983 relative to 1982. The number of such payments made in 1982 was 27.

Prior to August 1981, Survivors' Benefit was paid only as a lump-sum; hence a comparison of the lump sums paid prior to 1982 with those paid during 1983 cannot be meaningfully made.

#### **FUNERAL BENEFIT**

The total number of claims for Funeral Benefit which were received and processed during 1983 was 572. Of this number, 553 were paid while 19 were disallowed. In all cases of disallowances, the persons on whose contributions the claims were made had less than 50 contributions.

Of the 553 Funeral Claims paid, 453 or 82% were in respect to males who died during the year, 100 or 18% were in respect to deceased females.

The analysis by insured status of the paid claim shows that of the 553 payments, 490 were claimed on the deceased persons' contributions and 63 on contributions of spouses of deceased persons. This is shown in the table below.



# TABLE 14 NUMBER OF FUNERAL BENEFIT PAYMENTS MADE BY STATUS OF PERSONS ON WHOSE CONTRIBUTIONS CLAIMS WERE MADE 1983

SEX (1)	DIRECTLY INSURED PERSONS (2)	SPOUSES OF INSURED PERSONS (3)	TOTAL (4)
Males	434	19	453
Females	56	44	100
Males and Females	490	63	553

An examination of the table reveals that of the 453 deceased males, 434 claims were paid on the deceased person's contributions, and 19 on contributions of the spouses of deceased persons. For the 100 deceased females, the corresponding figures were 56 and 44.

Five hundred and forty four of the deaths were of persons who were in the employed category, one of a person who was self-employed and 8 were of voluntary contributors. This is shown in the table below:

TABLE 15

NUMBER OF FUNERAL CLAIMS PAID BY SEX,
INSURED STATUS AND EMPLOYMENT CATEGORY

EM		LOYED	SELF-EMPLOYED		VO	LUNTARY		
SEX	Directly Insured	Spouse of Insured	Directly Insured	Spouse of Insured	Directly Insured	Spouse of Insured	ALL CATEGORIES	
Males	432	18	1	_	1	1	453	
Females	56	38	-	- ,	-	6	100	
Males & Females	488	56	1	_	1	7	553	

The analysis by age group of the deceased persons for whom Funeral Benefits were paid shows that 197 or 36% approximately were persons who were over 60 years and 149 or 27% were persons who were within the age group 51-60 years. There were 98 deaths of persons between the ages of 41-50 years, 82



persons between the ages of 26-40 years and 27 of persons who were between the ages of 16-25 years. The average age at death was approximately 51 years overall with the average age of the deceased males standing at 52 years and females at 50 years approximately.

A comparison of the number of Funeral claims which were paid in 1983 with those of the previous year shows that there was a slight increase in 1983 of approximately 7.4%. The number of claims paid in 1982 was 515.

The table below gives the number of claims for Funeral Benefit paid over the period 1979-1983.

TABLE 16 NUMBER OF FUNERAL CLAIMS PAID 1979 – 1983

YEAR	INSURED PERSONS	SPOUSES OF INSURED PERSONS	BOTH CATEGORIES
1979	461	57	518
1980	382	50	432
1981	443	54	497
1982	444	71	515
1983	490	63	553

The table shows that the number of Funeral claims which were paid in 1980 dropped relative to the number paid during 1979. However, from 1980, the number of claims which were paid annually has been following a increasing trend. Further, the annual percentages of claims paid in respect of spouses have been significantly low. When compared to total claims paid these percentages range between 11% to 14%.

The Table XIII in the Annex gives the 1983 Funeral claims paid, analysed by age group, sex, insured status and employment category.

#### SHORT TERM BENEFITS BRANCH

#### SICKNESS

The number of spells of Sickness Benefit which were terminated during the year was 13,002. Of this number, 4,411 i.e. about 34% were not paid. The remaining 8,591 were spells which were paid for varying periods of time during the year.



An analysis of the spells which were not paid shows that 1,567 i.e. about 36% were disallowed because the incapacity lasted for 3 days or less, 608 were disallowed because the claimants had not satisfied the first contribution condition of paying at least 50 contributions since entry into insurance, while a further 206 were not paid the benefit because they did not satisfy the second contribution of paying at least 8 contributions during the 13 weeks immediately preceding the week sickness occurred.

There were 429 cases which were disallowed due to claimants not being in insurable employment on the day illness commenced, and 52 others because the claimants were either under 16 years, or 60 years or above at the time sickness occurred.

One thousand, five hundred and forty nine spells were disqualified. Nine hundred and eighty five of these were disqualified due to late submission of claims and the remaining 564 due to claimants being paid full salaries by their employers while they were sick.

Of the 8,591 spells which were paid, 6,496 were to male claimants and 2,095 to female claimants.

The analysis by sector (sugar/non-sugar) shows that of the 8,591 spells, 3,014 or 35% approximately arose from claimants in the sugar industry and the remaining 5,577 or 65% from claimants in the other industries taken together.

The overall average duration of spells was 14 days. The average duration of spells which occurred in the Sugar industry was 17 days and in the Non-Sugar industries, 10 days.

The table 17 below gives the number of spells which terminated during the year analysed by sector (sugar/non-sugar), sex and average duration.

TABLE 17
NUMBER OF SICKNESS SPELLS WHICH TERMINATED DURING YEAR
BY SECTOR, SEX AND AVERAGE DURATION
1983

	X 180	. 7	SECT	OR			
DESCRIPTION	SUGA	R	NON-	SUGAR	TOTAL		
	Number	Average Duration	Number	Average Duration	Number	Average Duration	
Males	2,643	17	3,853	11	6,496	15	
Females	371	16	1,724	9	2,095	10	
TOTAL	3,014	17	5,577	10	8,591	14	

The distribution by wage group of the paid spells shows that only 5% of the spells were paid in the wage groups I to V. The wage groups VI to VIII had 28% of the spells paid therein, while the wage groups IX and X accounted for 67% approximately of the spells. The wage group X alone accounted for 60% of the spells. The average wage group in which payments were made was wage group IX.



The table below gives the wage group distribution of the paid spells during 1983.

# TABLE 18 NUMBER OF SICKNESS SPELLS PAID BY SEX AND WAGE GROUP DISTRIBUTION 1983

DESCRIPTION		_	-	<b>P</b>	WA	GE GR	OUP				TOTAL
220011111014	ı	Ш	Ш	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	Х	
Males	18	17	27	49	114	235	682	527	472	4,355	6,496
Females	7	8	26	40	100	248	390	296	199	781	2,095
Males & Females	25	25	53	89	214	483	1,072	823	671	5,136	8,591
Percentage	_	_	1	1	2	6	12	10	8	60	100

An examination of the average age distribution of the claimants shows that the average age of claimants was 36 years. The average age of male claimants was 37 years and that of females 33 years.

There were 19 persons in the self-employed category who were paid the benefit during the year.

The number of spells which terminated in 1982 was 7,366. The number of spells which terminated in 1983, therefore, was approximately 17% greater than that of the previous year.

The table 19 below gives the number of spells which terminated over the period 1979 to 1983, the average duration of those spells and percentage of spells which arose from the sugar sector.

TABLE 19
TERMINATED SICKNESS SPELLS PAID, AVERAGE DURATION AND PERCENTAGE BELONGING TO THE SUGAR SECTOR 1979 – 1983

DESCRIPTION	1979	1000	4004		T
	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983
Males	6,832	4,097	6,536	5,592	6,496
Females	2,128	1,279	1,846	1,774	2,095
Males & Females	8,960	5,376	8,382	7,366	8,591
Percentage belonging to to sugar sector	31	37	33	32	35
Average duration (Benefit days)	10	11	9	12	14



The table shows that over the period in question the number of paid spells which terminated annually has not been following any particular trend. The percentage of spells belonging to the sugar sector has risen gradually, though not smoothly, over the last 3 years while the average duration has shown a distinct rise over the said period.

The number of spells which arose from females to that which arose from males have maintained a fairly constant ratio over the years of approximately 1:3.

The table XIV in the Annex gives th number of terminated Sickness spells which were paid during analysed by benefit days, sector and sex and the table XV, those spells analysed by age and sex.

#### SICKNESS BENEFIT MEDICAL CARE

During the year, 1,978 claims for reimbursement of Medical Care expenses in relation to Sickness Benefit were paid. These were cases where treatment was administered locally. Of the 1,978 claims paid, 524 or 26% approximately were made by workers in the sugar industry and 1,454 by workers in the other industries taken together. The distribution by sex shows that in the sugar sector only 67 female workers claimed the benefit as against 457 males. In the non-sugar sector the distribution was somewhat balanced. The number of claims paid to male claimants was 783 and that paid to female claimants 671.

Of the 1,978 claims paid 1,274 were to persons who received both Sickness Benefit (replacement of income) and Medical Care. The remaining 704 were cases where only Medical Care was paid.

The analysis of the cost of care administered shows that 44% went towards out-patient care and 56% towards in-patient care.

The distribution percentage wise by type of care is given in table 20 below.

TABLE 20
PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF SICKNESS MEDICAL CARE
EXPENDITURE BY TYPE OF CARE
1983

DESCRIPTION	HOSPITAL- ISATION	DRUGS & DRESSINGS	SPECIALIST CARE	MEDICAL CARE	TREAT- MENT	OTHERS	TOTAL
In-patient	25	35	6	9	_	25	100
Out-patient	_	41	3	18	26	12	100
In & Out-patient	14	38	4	13	11	20	100

As could be seen from the table, 38% of the total cost went towards the reimbursement of drugs and dressings, 14% towards reimbursement of hospitalisation charges, 13% towards medical examination and 11% went towards cost of treatment. Specialist care accounted for just 4% and other costs connected with administration of such care accounted for 20% approximately of total expenditure.



An examination of the age distribution of persons claiming reimbursement shows that all of the claimants were between the ages 17 years to 60 years. The overall average age was 38 years approximately. The average age of male claimants was 39 years and that of females, 36 years approximately.

The distribution is shown in table XVI of the Annex.

An examination of the number of cases paid during the year with those paid during the previous year shows that the number of claims paid during 1983 was about 3 times that paid in 1982.

The table 21 below shows the number of claims paid during 1982 and those paid during the current year.

TABLE 21

NUMBER OF SICKNESS MEDICAL CARE CLAIMS PAID BY SECTOR AND SEX

1982 & 1983

DESCRIPTION	MA	LES	FEN	IALES	MALES & FEMALES	
DESCRIPTION	1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983
Sugar	165	457	12	67	177	524
Non-sugar	284	783	206	671	490	1,454
All sectors	449	1,240	218	738	667	1,978

As could be seen from the table, in both the sugar and non-sugar sectors the number of claims which were paid during 1983 was roughly 3 times those paid during 1982. In the case of females in the sugar sector, claims paid during 1983 was over 5 times those paid during 1982.

It is expected that over the ensuing years, the number of claims submitted for such reimbursement will continue to rise as contributors become fully aware of their rights to such reimbursement and the conditions under which reimbursements are made.

#### MATERNITY

There were 1,232 Maternity Benefit cases which terminated during the year. Of this number only 4 cases related to women who were in the self-employed category.

The majority of the women who received benefit during the year were between the ages 20-34 years. On this group, 1,096 or 89% of the cases were incident. The age range, however, was from 17 years to 44 years with the average age being 28 years approximately.

About 70% of the cases which terminated during the year were paid the benefit for the maximum period of 13 weeks. A further 27% were paid benefit for periods ranging from 5 to 12 weeks. The 4 persons in the self-employed category received payments for the full 13 weeks period.

#### **GUYANA NATIONAL INSURANCE SCHEME**



The majority of the payments made were in the wage groups VI to X. One thousand and seventy-six or 87% approximately of the payments were made in these groups. The group with the highest incident of payments was the wage group X. The average wage group in which payments were made, however, was the wage group VIII.

The distribution by age, employment status and benefit days of the 1983 cases is given in table XVII of the Annex and the distribution by wage group and duration in the table XVIII.

The table 22 below gives the number of cases of Maternity Benefit which terminated over the years 1979 to 1983 and average duration of cases.

TABLE 22
MATERNITY CASES WHICH TERMINATED ANNUALLY
1979 – 1983

DESCRIPTION	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983
Number of cases	1,788	1,273	1,488	1,246	1,232
Average duration (benefit days)	65	60	66	68	72

From the table it could be seen that over the 5 years period the number of cases which terminated annually has not been following any particular trend. The figures over the last 3 years show a slight decline which cannot be considered at this point in time to be of any significance.

The average duration of the payment over the years held a fairly steady course ranging between 10 and 12 benefit weeks.

#### INDUSTRIAL BENEFITS BRANCH

#### INJURY BENEFIT

The number of spells of Injury Benefit which terminated during the year was 9,898. Five hundred and forty seven spells terminated without the payment of benefit. The remaining 9,351 were spells which were paid during the year.

Of the 547 spells which were not paid, 282 were disallowed because the claimants had incapacity lasting for less than 3 days, a further 124 spells were disallowed because the accidents in which the insured persons were involved did not arise out of, or during the course of employment. There were 49 spells which were not paid because the insured persons were fully paid by their employers during the periods of incapacity and a further 92 which were disqualified because the insured persons submitted their claims after the time prescribed for the submission of such claims.

The analysis of the 9,351 spells which were paid shows that 9,321 terminated with the recovery of claimants before the 26 weeks of benefit was paid. A further 17 terminated after the insured persons had received benefit for 26 weeks. There were 9 other cases where persons, after receiving benefit for 26 weeks, were placed on provisional Disablement Pensions, and a further 4 cases where persons were awarded permanent Disablement Pensions. This is shown in table 23.



TABLE 23
NUMBER OF INDUSTRIAL INJURY CASES BY REASON OF TERMINATION
1983

REASON FOR TERMINATION	MA	LES	FEM	ALES	MALES & FEMALES		
	Number of Spells	Benefit Days	Number of Spells	Benefit Days	Number of Spells	Benefit Days	
Recovery	8,762	112,935	559	9,015	9,321	121,950	
Benefit paid for 26 weeks	17	2,652		-486	17	2,652	
Provisional Disablement pension awarded	9	971	_	_	9	971	
Permanent Disablement pension awarded	4	439	_	_	4	439	
TOTAL	8,792	116,997	559	9,015	9,351	126,012	

The analysis by sector, sugar/non-sugar, shows that 8,686 spells or 93% approximately of the spells which were paid arose from persons in the sugar sector. The remaining 665 spells arose from employees in the other sectors taken together.

The distribution by sex shows that of the 8,686 spells which arose from the sugar sector, 8,169 were from male employees and 517 from females. In the non-sugar sector the corresponding figures were 623 and 42. This is shown below in table 24.

TABLE 24
NUMBER OF TERMINATED INJURY SPELLS BY SEX AND SECTOR
1983

SECTOR	MALES	PERCENT- AGE	FEMALES	PERCENT- AGE	MALES & FEMALES	PERCENT- AGE	
Sugar	8,169	87.3	517	5.5	8,686	92.9	
Non-sugar	623	6.7	42	.5	665	7.1	
ALL SECTORS	8,792	94.0	559	6.0	9,351	100.0	



As could be seen from the table, only 7% approximately of spells were related to persons in the non-sugar industries of which just 0.5% were related to females. Of the 93% approximately of spells which related to workers in the sugar industry, 87% approximately were to male workers and just 6% approximately to female workers.

An examination of the age distribution of claimants shows that the majority of claimants were within the age group 16 to 35 years. This group had 6,422 or 69% approximately of the total spells incident thereon. There were 38 persons over the age of 60 years who were paid the benefit during the year and 3 under 16 years who also received the benefit.

The average age of the claimants was 32 years overall. The average age of male claimants was 31 years and that of female claimants, 43 years approximately.

The distribution by age group and sex of the 1983 recipients is given in table XIX of the Annex.

Of the 9,351 spells paid, 7,775 or 83% approximately were paid in the wage group X. One thousand three hundred and ninety nine spells, i.e. 15% were paid in the wage groups VI to IX and the remaining 177 or just 2% approximately of total spells, in the wage groups I to V. The average wage-group in which payment was made was the wage group X.

The wage group distribution is given in table 25 below.

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TABLE 25
TERMINATED INJURY SPELLS BY SEX AND WAGE GROUP DISTRIBUTION
1983

DESCRIPTION	WAGE GROUP									TOTAL	
	ı	Ĥ	Ш	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	Х	TOTAL
Males	3	5	18	37	71	142	265	349	367	7,535	8,792
Females	_		2	11	30	38	104	64	70	240	559
Males & Females	3	5	20	48	101	180	369	413	437	7,775	9,351

The average duration of spells was 13 days overall with the average for males being 13 days and that of females 16 days.

A comparison of the number of spells which terminated during the previous year shows that there was an increase of approximately 24% in 1983 relative to 1982. The number of spells which terminated during 1982 was 7,951.

The table 26 gives the number of spells which terminated over the years 1979 to 1983 together with the average duration of those spells and the annual percentage which arose from the sugar sector.



## TABLE 26 NUMBER OF INJURY SPELLS PAID, AVERAGE DURATION AND PERCENTAGE BELONGING TO SUGAR SECTOR 1979 — 1983

DESCRIPTION	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983
Number of spells	5,908	8,368	8,203	7,425	9,351
Percentage belonging to sugar sector	87	89	90	91	93
Average duration	12	12	11	13	13

The table shows that the number of spells which were paid in 1983 was the highest over the last 5 years. It also shows that the percentage of spells which arose from the sugar sector has been increasing steadily over the period in question. The average duration of spells has remained stable over the last 2 years but has shown a slight overall increase over the 5 year period.

The table XX in the Annex gives the 1983 spells analysed by benefit days, sex and sector.

### INJURY BENEFIT MEDICAL CARE

The total claims for Medical Care which were paid during the year was 6,558. Of this number, 5,403 or 82% were claims which originated from workers in the sugar sector while the remaining 1,155, or 18% approximately were claims which were made by employees in the remaining industries taken together.

Claims received from male employees in the sugar sector totalled 5,031 or 93% approximately of the total belonging to that sector. In the case of the other sector, the number of claims received from male employees was 972 or 84% approximately of total claims from that sector. This is shown in the table 27 below.

TABLE 27

NUMBER OF MEDICAL CARE (INJURY) CLAIMS PAID BY SEX AND SECTOR

1983

SECTOR	MALES	PERCENT- AGE	FEMALES	PERCENT- AGE	MALES & FEMALES	PERCENT-
Sugar	5,031	77	372	5	5,403	82
Non-Sugar	972	15	183	3	1,155	18
ALL SECTORS	6,003	92	555	8	6,558	100



As could be seen from the table, female claimants accounted for just 8% of total claims paid as against 92% from male claimants.

The distribution by age of the claimants shows that most of the claimants were between the ages 18 years to 42 years. There were 5,606 or 85% of the total claimants incident thereon. The entire age range of claimants was from 15 years to 63 years.

The average age of claimants was 30 years approximately. The average age of male claimants was 29 years and that of female claimants, 35 years approximately.

An analysis of the cost of Medical Care administered during the year shows that approximately 23% of the cost went towards in-patient care as against 77% which went towards out-patient care. This is shown in the table below.

TABLE 28

PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF INDUSTRIAL MEDICAL CARE COST

1983

DESCRIPTION	TYPE OF CARE									
DESCRIPTION	Hospitalisation	Medical Examination	Specialist Care	Drugs & Dressings	Treatment	Others	TOTAL			
In-patient	7	3	1	5	7		23			
Out-patient	-	18	8	21	14	16	77			
TOTAL	7	21	9	26	21	16	100			

The table shows that of the total cost of care administered, 7% went towards hospitalisation, i.e. room and bed, 21% went towards medical examination and 9% towards specialist care. Drugs and dressings accounted for 26% of the total cost, treatment administered accounted for 21% while travelling, subsistance, fees to Medical Referees and other miscellaneous items accounted for 16%.

The analysis of this cost by sector shows that 66% of the total cost was incurred by claimants in the sugar sector, and 34% by claimants in the other industries taken together.

The table 29 below gives the percentage distribution of Medical Care expenses by sector and type of care.



### TABLE 29

### INDUSTRIAL MEDICAL CARE COST BY SECTOR AND TYPE OF CARE (PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION)

### 1983

TYPE OF CARE		SECTOR	ALL SECTORS
TYPE OF CARE	Sugar	Non-Sugar	ALLSECTORS
In-Patient	51	26	77
Out-patient	15	8	23
Total	66	34	100

The table XXI in the Annex gives the number of Medical Care claims which were paid during 1983 analysed by age group, sex of claimants and sector.

### **DISABLEMENT PENSIONS**

Fifty six Disablement Pensions were awarded during the year. Thirty two of those pensions were awarded to workers who sustained industrial injuries in the non-sugar industry and the remaining 24 were to workers who sustained injuries in sugar industries. Only 4 females were awarded the pension, 2 of whom were from the sugar sector.

The average age of the pensioners was 37 years approximately. This average was the same in both sugar and non-sugar sectors. The average age of the female pensioners was 43 years and that of the male pensioners 34 years approximately.

The average amount of the pension was approximately \$25.00 per week.

Of the 56 pensions, 24 were awarded after the injured persons were paid disablement pension on a provisional basis for various periods of time. The remaining 32 had no provisional payments attached.

The average degree of disability of the pensions which were awarded during the year was approximately 40%. The average in the sugar sector was 30% and that in the non-sugar sector 50% approximately.

Most of the cases were adjudged at 30% disability. There were 22 such cases. There were 5 persons who were assessed at 100% disability. Four of those were from non-sugar sector.

The table 30 below shows the number of pensions which were awarded during the year analysed by degree of disability, sector and sex of pensioner.



• TABLE 30

NUMBER OF DISABLEMENT PENSIONS AWARDED BY DEGREE OF DISABILITY, SEX AND SECTOR
1983

			SECTO	OR					
PERCENTAGE DISABILITY		SUGAR			NON-SUGAR				
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	CATEGORIES		
20	5	2	7	2	_	2	9		
30	11	_	11	10	1	11	22		
40	3		3	4	_	4	7		
50	1	_	1	4	1	5	6		
60	-	_	_	1	_	1	1		
70	<u> </u>	_	_	4	_	4	4		
80	1	_	1	1	_	1	2		
100	. 1	_	1	4	-	4	5		
TOTAL	22	2	24	30	2	32	56		

The analysis of the 56 cases by the nature of the disability shows that there were 14 fractures, 12 cuts or lacerations, 7 amputations, 6 sprains or strains and 4 burns or scalds. Other classified causes of disability included concussions, punctured wounds, post-traumatic ankylosis and paralysis and dislocations. This is shown below in table 31.



TABLE 31

NUMBER OF DISABLEMENT PENSIONS AWARDED BY NATURE AND LOCATION OF INJURY

1983

				L	OCATION			
NATURE OF		lead	Trunk	Upper	Extremities	Lower	Injuries Not	тота
DISABILITY	Eyes	Others		Fingers	Others	Others Extremities		
Burns and scalds		1	-	-	1	1	1	4
Concussions	_	1	-	_	-	_	_	1
Cuts/lacerations	_	-	-	1	9	2	_	12
Punctures wounds	-	1		-	_	-	_	1
Amputations	-	_	-	4	3	-	_	7
Post-traumatic ankylosis of joints	_	-	_	_	_	1	-	1
Post-traumatic paralysis of limbs	_	_	1	_	-	- "	1	2
Dislocations	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
Fractures	-	11	5	1	2	4	1	14
Sprains and strains	-	_	4	-	-	2	-	6
Other injuries	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	7
Total	7	4	11	6	15	10	3	56

The table 32 below shows the number of Disablement Pensions awarded over the last 5 years by sector.

TABLE 32

NUMBER OF DISABLEMENT PENSIONS AWARDED ANNUALLY

1979 - 1983

**YEARS** SECTOR Sugar Percentage Non-Sugar Percentage Total Percentage 



It would be seen from the table that the number of persons who became disabled as a result of industrial accidents over the years was always higher in the non-sugar sector than in the sugar sector, however, the percentages which the number of cases in sugar sector bore to the total cases annually have been showing a gradually increasing trend, moving from approximately 27% ir 1979 to 43% in 1983.

The number of Disablement Pensions which were in payment at the beginning of 1983 was 692, and the average weekly amount of those pensions was \$12.00 approximately.

The 56 pensions which were awarded during the year had an average weekly value of \$24.68.

During the year 7 pensions terminated thus leaving the active population of Disablement Pensioners as at 31.12.83 at 741. This is shown in table 33 below.

TABLE 33
MOVEMENT OF DISABLEMENT PENSIONS
1983

*		N	UMBER	AND AMO	UNT		
	Mal	les	Fen	nales	Males & Females		
DESCRIPTION	No.	Averåge Weekly Amount	No.	Average Weekly Amount	No.	Average Weekly Amount	
Pensions in payment at the beginning of the year	631	12.68	61	7.15	692	12.20	
Pensions granted during the year	52	25.27	4	17.02	56	24.68	
Pensions terminated during the year — by death	6	14.92	1	13.50	7	14.71	
Pensions in payment at the end of the year	677	25.45	64	14.48	741	13.12	

The table XXII in the Annex gives the number of Disablement Pensions which were in payment as at 31.12.83 analysed by nature of disability and weekly amount of pensions.

### **DISABLEMENT LUMP SUM**

During the year 47 persons were awarded Industrial Disablement lump sum payments. The recipients of this Benefit comprised 38 males and 9 females.

Of the 47 persons who received this Benefit during the year, 27 were workers in the sugar industry. There were 6 female workers in the sugar industry who were awarded this Benefit during the year. The overall average age of the Benefit recipients was 39 years approximately, with the average age of males being 38 years and that of the females 42 years approximately.



An analysis of those 47 cases by the nature of the disability shows that there were 14 cases of fractures, 9 of which were fractures to the lower extremities. 9 cases of amputations — all of which were amputations of either thumbs or fingers, and 7 cases of cuts and lacerations, 6 of which were to thumbs and fingers. In other cases, disability resulted from sprains and strains, contusions and abrasions, post-traumatic paralysis and ankylosis, punctured wounds, concussions and other injuries. This analysis is given in table 34

TABLE 34

DISABLEMENT GRANTS BY NATURE AND LOCATION OF INJURY

1983

		-			CATION	,		
		Head	Trunk	Up extre	per emities	Lower	General	
NATURE	Еуе	Other	including the uro- genital organs	Thumbs and Fingers	Others (arms and hands)	extremities (legs and feet)	injuries which cannot be located to any other part of the body	TOTAL
Contusions and								
abrasions	-	-	2	1	1	-	_	4
Concussions	-	1	-		_	_	_	1
Cuts and lacerations	_	_	_	6		1		
Punctured wounds	_	_				'	-	7
	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2
Amputations	-	-	1 -	9	1-	-		9
Post-traumatic ankylosis of joints								
	-	_	-	-	-	2	1	3
Post-traumatic paralysis of limbs or parts of								
the body	_	-	-	-	1	-	_	1
Fractures	_	1	_	4	_	9	_	14
Sprains and strains	-	-	1	_		2	1	4
Other injuries including injury								4
to the eye	1		1	-	-	-	_	2
Total	1	2	4	22	2	14	2	47



The overall average degree of disability was 9% approximately. The average for the male workers was 9% and that for females 8%.

The analysis by sugar/non-sugar sectors shows that the average degree of disability of workers in the sugar sector was 8% and that of workers in the non-sugar sector, 10% approximately.

This distribution by degree of disability, sex and sector is given in table 35 below.

TABLE 35

NUMBER OF DISABLEMENT GRANTS BY DEGREE OF DISABILITY, SEX AND SECTOR

1	9	8	3

				SECT	OR				
PERCENTAGE DISABILITY		SUGAR			NON-SUGA	R	BOTH	TOTAL	
DIOADIEITI	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	I
1 – 4	_	_	_	_	-	_	_		_
5	9	3	- 12	1	_	1	10	3	13
6	_	_	_ H	2		2	2	-	2
7	_	-	-	1		1	1		1
8	_	_	_	4	-	4	4	_	4
9	_	_	-	_	- 1		_	_	_
10	9	3	12	3	3	6	12	6	18
11		_	-	1		1	1		1
12	1	_	1	2	_	2	3	_	3
13	-	_		1	_	1	1	_	1
14	2	_	2	2	-	2	4	11-21-50	4
Total	21	6	27	17	3	20	38	9	47



The number of disablement lump-sum awards made during 1982 was 43. The number awarded during 1983, therefore, shows a slight increase relative to the previous year. The average degree of disability was the same for both years.

The table below gives the number of disablement lump-sum payments made over the last 5 years by sex of recipient and average degree of disability.

## TABLE 36 NUMBER OF DISABLEMENT L'UMP SUMS AWARDED BY SEX AND AVERAGE DEGREE OF DISABILITY

1979 - 1983

DESCRIPTION	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983
Males	78	62	24	37	38
Females	10	12	2	6	9
Total	88,	74	26	43	47
Average degree of disability (Percentage)	8	7	9	9	9

The table shows that, over the last 3 years, the number of lump-sum payments awarded was relatively small when compared with the first 2 years despite the fact that over those 3 years the trend has been upwards. The average degree of disability has been constant over the last three years and just slightly higher than the averages for the first 2 years.

The table XXIII in the Annex gives the number of Disablement Grants awarded during 1983 analysed by age group and sex of recipients and amounts paid.

### **INDUSTRIAL DEATH**

The number of Industrial Deaths which gave right to Industrial Death Benefits during the year was 24. Twenty-two of those deaths gave right to Industrial Death Pensions and 2 to annuities.

The 22 pensions were awarded to 18 widows and 4 parents. Sixteen widows were awarded the pension because they had in their care, children of the deceased, who were under the age of 16 years, and the remaining 2 because they were over 45 years old on the date of death of the insured person.

Of the 2 annuities awarded, one was to a sister who was wholly dependant on the deceased and the other to a common-law wife who was less than 45 years old on the date of death of the insured person and who had no children, but was wholly dependant on the deceased.

The average age of the insured persons at the time of death was 38 years approximately. The individual ages ranged from 17 years to 65 years.

The average age of the widows to whom pensions were awarded was 34 years approximately with the range of the individual ages being from 21 to 59 years. The average age for the children who were included in the pension was 7 years, the age range there being from 0 to 15 years.



An examination of the causes of deaths of the 24 cases shows that 4 persons died from concussion, 5 from lacerations to the brain, 5 from punctured wounds to the lungs and heart, 6 from fractures to the skull, 3 from drowning and 1 from other injuries.

Two of the deaths were caused by power driven prime movers, 13 from power driven means of transport, 2 from non-power driven means of transport, 1 from falling objects, 2 from coming into contact with objects and 4 from other causes. This is summarised in table 37 below.

TABLE 37

NUMBER OF INDUSTRIAL DEATHS WHICH GAVE RIGHT TO BENEFIT
BY NATURE OF INJURY AND CAUSE OF ACCIDENT

			CAUSE OF	ACCID	ENT			
NATURE OF		Power Driven Machinery		rt	Oth or n	TOTAL		
	Prime Mover	Others	Power Driven	Others	Falling Objects	Coming into Contact with Objects	Other Causes	
Concussion	_	_	2	_	1	1	-	4
Laceration of brain	2	_	3		_	_	-	5
Puncture of heart/lungs	-	-	2	1	_	1	1	5
Fracture of skull	_	_	5	_		_	1	6
Drowning	-	_	_	1	_	_	2	3
Other injuries	-	_	1	_	_	_	_	1
Total	2	-	13	2	1	2	4	24

At the beginning of the year there were 285 Industrial Death Pensions in payment. Those pensions were being paid to 247 widows, 27 parents and 11 orphans. During the year 22 persons joined this population. Those new pensioners, as was mentioned earlier, comprised 18 widows and 4 parents. One widow's Pension ceased during the year due to the death of the widow and one orphan attained the age limit. Twenty-two others were altered, twenty of these were altered because the children who were included in the payment attained the age limit, and 2 because the widows remarried.

At the end of the year there were 305 pensions in payment of which 264 were to widows, 31 to parents and 10 to orphans.



The average weekly amount of the pension was \$25.00 approximately.

The number of annuities which were in payment at the end of the year was 14.

The table 38 below shows the movement of the Pensions during 1983.

TABLE 38

MOVEMENT OF INDUSTRIAL DEATH PENSIONS

1983

	TYPE OF PENSION								
DESCRIPTION	Widows		Parents		Orphans		TOTAL		
	Number	Average Weekly Amount	Number	Average Weekly Amount	Number	Average Weekly Amount	Number	Average Weekly Amount	
		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Pensions in payment at beginning of year	247	26.13	27	13.09	11	15.00	285	24.46	
Pensions granted during the year	18	43.42	4	19.88	_	_	22	39.14	
Pensions terminated during the year by death	1	10.50	_	_ }	1	15.00	2	12.75	
Pensions altered during the year due to:-							7		
(a) age limit (b) femarriage	20 2	5.15 19.50	-	= = =	_	_	20 2	5.15 19.50	
Pensions in payment at the end of the year	264	26.83	31	13.97	10	15.00	305	25.13	

The table XXIV in the Annex gives the number of Industrial Death Pensions which were in payment as at 31.12.83 analysed by type of pension and nature of injury.



### FIGURE III

BENEFIT PAYMENTS 1982 & 1983 (\$ '000,000)

		1983	
<b>FO.0</b>		MEDICAL CARE INJURY	0.88
<b>1982</b>	013	INJURY	7.30
MEDICAL CARE INJURY	12		83
INJURY		DBATH	Oeg
		DISABLEMENT	
DEATH	15.5.7 15.7 1	AREDIAN CARS CIONALS	0.85
DISABLEMENT		MEDICAL CARE SICKNESS	
MEDICAL CARE SICKNESS	1,20	MATERNITY	7,019
MATERNITY	1///		
	1/39//	SICKNESS	10
SICKNESS		SIURIVESS	8.00
	3	THE ST ST ST ST ST ST ST ST ST ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL	330
ୢ୰ୢ୰ୢୖ୵୳NERÂLୢ୰୰ଡ଼ୄ୕୕୕ୣ୕ୄ୰ୣ୕ୣ୕ୄ୰ୣ୕୕ୣୄ୰ୣ୕ୄ SURVIVORS	868	SURVIVORS	063
INVALIDITY		INVALIDITY	
OLD AGE	Baa	OLD AGE	9.



### MEDICAL ADJUDICATION OF CLAIMS

During the year the Medical Department continued its role in the adjudication of claims for benefits and ensuring that persons who were awarded benefits continued to satisfy the specified conditions for the receipt of such benefits.

To this end, a total of 1,110 persons were seen by the department during the year for reasons such as disagreement with decisions made by Registered Medical Practitioners relative to the diagnosing of cases and apparent inconsistency of treatments prescribed with the diagnoses. These were all matters of an industrial nature.

All such cases which were seen were referred either to Medical Referees or Specialists for decisions to be made. Of the 1,110 cases handled by this department, 867 were referred to Medical Referees and 243 to Specialists.

In most of the cases referred to Medical Referees and Specialists the decisions which were formerly made by the Medical Practitioners were upheld on examination by the persons to whom they were referred. There were 1,035 such decisions which were upheld.

In the remaining cases, the decisions of the Medical Referees and Specialists differed from those originally made by the Medical Practitioners.

A decision made by a Registered Medical Practitioner can be challenged either by the claimant or the General Manager, National Insurance. The role of the Medical Department in such circumstances is to seek the opinion of a competent body, other than the former determining body, on the disputed matter.

Apart from the referral of matters to Medical Referees and Specialists, matters are also referred to Medical Boards for determinations to be made in ordinary cases where either party appeals against decisions made either by the Medical Referee or Specialists.

During the year there were 203 matters placed before the Medical Boards for decisions to be made on medical questions. These were all industrial matters. One hundred and forty-four of those were cases which arose during the year, 43 were cases which were formerly determined by the Board but which were due to be reviewed during the year and the remaining 16 were cases which were brought forward from the previous year.

Of the 203 appeals handled by Medical Boards, 140 were allowed, 59 were disallowed and 4 were struck off because the appellants subsequently decided to withdraw their appeals.

The year 1983 also ushered in the setting up of Medical Boards for the determination of matters of a non-industrial nature. The first and only sitting of such a Board for the year was held in November. At that sitting, 14 cases were determined. Of the 14 cases, 5 were in relation to Invalidity Benefit and 8 in relation to Survivors Benefit. The remaining case, which was subsequently disallowed was adjudged to be of the nature of a prescribed disease.

Of the 14 cases taken before this Board, 11 were allowed and 3 disallowed. Of the 3 disallowed cases, 2 were for Invalidity Benefit and the other was in relation to the purported prescribed disease.

These non-industrial Boards were set up to determine such questions as the likelihood of a person being permanently incapable of work, whether a deceased person could have been deemed an invalid at the time of death and questions of a similar nature.

The table 39 below gives the number of appeals which were made against the decisions of Medical Referees and Specialists relating to Industrial cases and which were placed before Medical Boards, over the period 1979 to 1983 and the result of such hearings.



## TABLE 39 INDUSTRIAL CASES PLACED BEFORE MEDICAL BOARDS

1979 - 1983

DESCRIPTION	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983
Number of cases boarded	121	219	158	147	203
Number allowed	50	191	90	93	140
Number disallowed	71	28	68	54	59
Number stru <mark>ck</mark> off	-	-	_		4
Percentage allowed	41	87	57	63	69

### SICK VISITING

The number of visits by Nurse/Sick Visitors during the year was 1,200. Of this number, 699 were home visits, 297 were hospital visits and 204 dispensary visits. Persons who were seen and interviewed on such visits numbered 3,441.

Compared with the previous year, the number of visits made by Nurse/Sick Visitors decreased by about 29%. The number of visits made by this team during 1982 was 1,693.

The service which was introduced by this department during 1980, which catered for the rendering of assistance to ailing benefit recipients in transacting business with National Insurance Scheme, was continued during the year much to the satisfaction of those persons and the scheme.

### MEDICAL TREATMENT ABROAD

No one was sent abroad for treatment in relation to industrial accidents during the year. There were, however, 18 cases where persons were sent abroad for treatment in relation to incapacity other than that resulting from industrial accidents. Such persons were reimbursed their Medical Care expenses, either in whole or in part, under the Scheme's Sickness Benefit Medical Care programme.

### FABRICATION AND REPAIRS OF ORTHOPAEDIC AND PROSTHETIC APPLIANCES

The Orthopaedic section on the Scheme's Medical Department was able during the year, despite the shortage of materials, to handle a number of cases which required prosthetic and orthopaedic care.

Prosthesis were fabricated and fitted for 3 above-the-knee and 13 below-the-knee amputees. In addition there were 35 prosthesis which were repaired and serviced for both above and below-the-knee amputees.

Due to lack of component parts for upper extremity prosthesis, no fabrication was done for persons requiring such appliances. there were, however, two cases where repairs were done to such appliances.



Cases requiring orthotices or orthopaedic appliances were also handled during the year. There were 31 such cases. Six of those were for built-up shoes, 8 for cervical collars, 5 for short-leg braces and 1 for a long-leg brace. There were 11 other cases which were supplied with lumbar sacral corsets.

Five orthopaedic appliances were serviced during the year.

### **ESTABLISHMENT AND ORGANISATION**

#### TRAINING

In the area of training, the Organisation continued its programme of ensuring that members of staff were properly equipped, knowledgewise, to perform their functions in the organisation and also that members of the public were kept au-fait with the laws governing and the procedures adopted by the Scheme.

During the year the training arm of the Organisation conducted 23 training courses. Six of those courses were either orientation or refresher courses for employees of the organisation. Apart from those internal courses, there were 3 courses which were conducted for Trade Unionists, 6 for work-study students from the University of Guyana and other institutions of higher learning and 2 for employers who were contributing under the Direct Payment System. In addition there were 2 courses which were held for Medical Personnel attached to Government and Private Medical Institutions.

Apart from those 23 courses, there were also 23 lectures on 'National Insurance and You' which were conducted by this Unit. A total of 520 persons drawn from Government Ministries, Public Corporations and Trade Unions attended those lectures.

Employees of the Organisation were also sent on specialised courses sponsored by some of the country's top educational training institutions. Fifty-seven staff members attended such courses during the year. These persons were exposed to training in fields such as Middle Management, Supervisory Management, financial and Inventory Management, Secretarial Science, Public Relations, Industrial Relations, Trade Unionism and Fire Prevention. The duration of these courses ranged from one day to 9 months.

### STAFFING

During the year a total of 61 persons left the Organisation. Of the 61 exits, 49 were permanent workers and 12 temporary workers.

On the other hand, 23 persons were recruited by the Organisation and a further 81 were appointed to fill existing vacancies in the Organisation during the year.

At the end of the year there were 492 employees on roll, out of an approved compliment of 569.

#### **SPORTS**

In the area of sports, members of staff participated in a number of sporting activities which were organised by the Sports Club of the Scheme. Matches were organised and played among staff members and also against other entities.

During the 'week of sports' which was held during the month of September there were some keenly contested games. Players and athletes from each of the 3 houses participated in the activities which took place during that week. There was keen rivalry among the houses and in the end Gold House was adjudged Champion House of the year after out-pointing Red and Green Houses in both outdoor games and athletics.

Cricket, volleyball and football matches were played between the Scheme and other entities more on a friendly than on a competitive basis. In most of those matches our teams recorded good performances and were able to foster closer sporting relationships at the national level.



## PART II INCOME AND EXPENDITURE

### INCOME

The total income received from all sources during 1983 amounted to \$123,411,091. This was made up as follows.

SOURCE OF INCOME	AMOUNT		
Contributions	\$ 63,492,982		
Interest on investments Other Income	\$ 59,805.940 \$ 112,169		
Total Income	\$123,411,091		

The total income was distributed among the various benefit branches in the following manner.

SOURCE OF INCOME	LONG TERM BENEFITS BRANCHES	SHORT TERM BENEFITS BRANCHES	INDUSTRIAL BENEFITS BRANCHES	TOTAL
Contributions	46,730,835	6,603,270	10,158,877	63,492,982
Investments	44,196,590	6,518,847	9,090,503	59,805,940
Others	37,389	37,390	37,390	112,169
Total Income	90,964,814	13,159,507	19,286,770	123,411,091

The total income received during 1982 was \$117,845,534. The 1983 income, therefore, shows an increase of 4.7% when compared with that of the previous year.

A comparison of the income received during 1983 under the various categories with those of the previous year is given below.

DESCRIPTION	YEA			
(1)	1982 (2)	1983 (3)	PERCENTAGE INCREAS (4)	
Contributions	73,137,345	63,492,982	-13.2	
Investments	44,580,133	59,805,940	+ 34.2	
Others	128,056	112,169	-12.4	
Total Income	117,845,534	123,411,091	+ 4.7	



The above shows that on one hand there were decreases of 13.2% and 12.4% in the 'Contribution Income' and 'Other Income' respectively during 1983, relative to the previous year, while on the other hand there was a significant increase in 'Investment Income'. The extent of this increase was approximately 34.2%

The decrease in the contribution intake in 1983 relative to 1982 can be attributed in the main to the reduction of the work force during 1983 relative to the previous year as was brought out in a sample survey taken in August 1983.

The actual decrease of the contribution and other income during the year was to the extent of \$9,660,250 of which contribution income accounted for \$9,644,363. The overall increase in income in 1983 relative to the previous year was \$5,565,557.

### **EXPENDITURE**

The total expenditure incurred during the year amounted to \$23,425,308. Of this amount \$16,438,588 or 70.2% approximately was spent on the payment of benefits and \$6,986,720 or 29.8% approximately went towards the administration of the Organisation.

Of the \$16,438,588 spent on benefits, \$9,799,159 or 59.6% approximately, went towards the payment of Long Term Benefits with Old Age Pension alone accounting for \$8,692,834 or 52.9% approximately. The Short Term Benefits Branch accounted for \$3,334,917 or 20.3% approximately of the total amount spent on benefits and the Industrial Benefits Branch accounted for \$3,304,512 or 20.1% approximately.

In the Short Term Benefits Branch, \$1,396,351 went towards the payment of Sickness Benefit and \$1,092,263 went towards Maternity Benefit while the remainder of \$846,303 was spent on the reimbursement of Medical Care expenses incurred by claimants who had satisfied the conditions for such reimbursements.

In the Industrial Benefits Branch, \$1,296,302 went towards the payment of Injury Benefit and \$643,688 and \$479,401 went towards Disablement and Death Benefits respectively. The remaining amount of \$885,121 went towards the payment of Medical Care for those persons who sustained Industrial injuries during the year.

The distribution of the expenditure on benefits in the various benfit branches is given below.

BENEFITS BRANCH AMOUNT		PERCENTAGE OF BENEFIT EXPENDITURE	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL EXPENDITURE
Long Term Benefits	9,799,159	59.6	41.83
Short Term Benefits	3,334,917	20.3	14.24
Industrial Benefits	3,304,512	20.1	14.11
All Branches	16,438,588	100	70.18



A comparison of the amounts spent on benefits during the year with those spent during the previous year is shown below.

### **EXPENDITURE ON BENEFITS - BENEFITS BRANCH-WISE**

1982 - 1983

	AMOUNT SE			
BENEFITS BRANCH (1)	1982 (2)	1983 (3)	PERCENTAGE INCREASE (4)	
Long Term Benefits	8,969,448	9,799,159	9.3	
Short Term Benefits	2,902,402*	3,334,917	14.9	
Industrial Benefits	2,477,454*	3,304,512	33.4	
All Branches	14,349,304	16,438,588	14.6%	

The overall amount spent on benefits during 1983 was increased by \$2,089,284 or 14.6% approximately when compared to that spent during the previous year.

The increase experienced in the Long Term Benefits Branch was to the extent of \$829,711 or 9.3% approximately of that spent during 1982.

In the Short Term Benefits Branch there was a reduction of \$111,803 in the payment of Maternity Benefit relative to the previous year. There were, however, increases in both Sickness Benefit, replacement of Income and reimbursement of Medical Care expenses which resulted in an overall increase of \$432,515 or 14.9% relative to the previous year.

In the Industrial Benefits Branch there was an overall increase of \$827,058 or 33.4% approximately relative to the previous year. The amount spent on Injury Benefit, replacement of income and reimbursement of Medical Care expenses increased by \$641,063 with the increase in the reimbursement of Medical Care expenses being \$460,112 or 71.8% of the total increase in this benefit.

The amount of \$6,986,720 spent on the Administration of the Scheme represents approximately 94% of the maximum amount which, according to the Actuarial calculation, could be set aside to meet this cost. The cost of administering the Scheme during 1982 was \$6,553,811. The 1983 administration cost, therefore, represents an increase of 6.6% relative to that of the previous year.

### NATIONAL INSURANCE FUND

At the 1st January, 1983, the National Insurance Fund stood at \$486,534,667. The total income received from all sources during the year, as was mentioned earlier, amounted to \$123,411,091 while the total expenditure was \$23,425,308. The surplus for the year, therefore, was \$99,985,783. This surplus when added to the Fund as it stood at the commencement of the year brought the Fund at December 31, 1983 to \$586,520,450.



The fund was represented as Follows:-

Fixed assets valued at \$ 5,399,332

Investments valued at 551,732,288

Net current assets valued at 29,388,830

National Insurance Fund as at 31/12/83

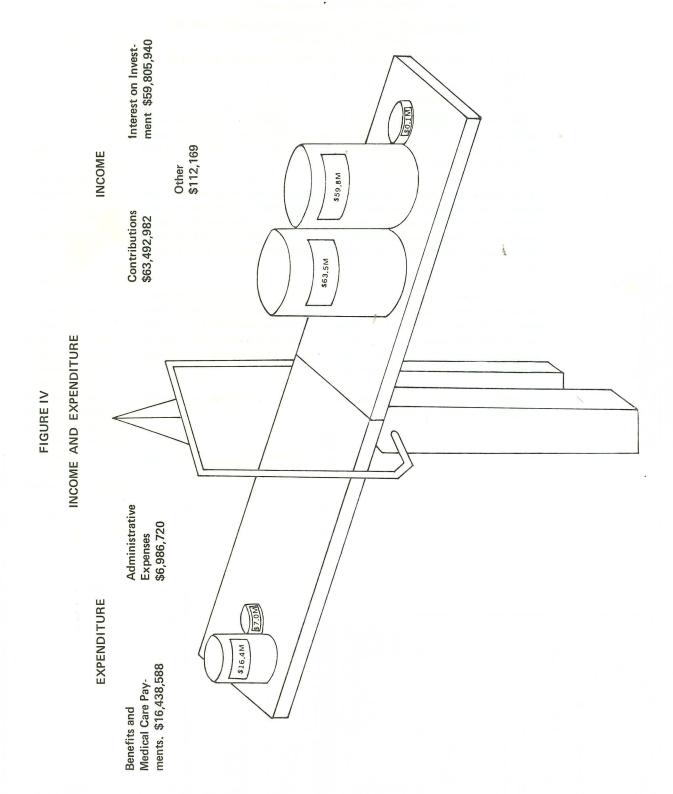
Of the total amount of \$551,732,288, which was invested, \$551,200,000 or 99.9% had been invested in Government of Guyana Debentures.

A copy of the Report of the Auditors to the National Insurance Board, together with the Income and Expenditure account and the Balance Sheet for the year 1983 follows.

6 April 1984

586,520,450







# , REPORT OF THE AUDITORS TO THE BOARD OF THE NATIONAL INSURANCE SCHEME UNDER SECTION 48 OF THE CO-OPERATIVE FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS ACT 1976

We have examined the accounts set out on pages 2 to 10 which are in agreement with the books of the Scheme and have been prepared under the historical cost convention. We have obtained all the information and explanations we have required.

As explained in Note 6 an acturial valuation of the National Insurance Scheme was due to be done as at 31 December 1982. As this has not been done we are unable to state whether the Fund is adequate to support benefits as and when such liabilities fall due for payment, having regard to the Scheme's other liabilities under the National Insurance and Social Security Act.

In our opinion, subject to the effects of the foregoing, these accounts give, under the accounting convention stated above, a true and correct view of the state of affairs of the Scheme at 31 December 1983, and of the net surplus and source and application of funds for the year then ended, in accordance with the Scheme's accounting policies applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year.

Contribution income has been accounted for on a cash basis as stated in the Scheme's accounting policy.

THOMAS, STOLL, DIAS & CO.



### INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1983

	Notes	Pensions Branch G\$	Short-term Benefits Branch G\$	Industrial Benefits Branch G\$	Total G\$	1982 G\$
Income			é			
Contributions	1 (a)	46,730,835	6,603,270	10,158,877	63,492,982	73,137,345
Interest on investments	1 (b)	44,196,590	6,518,847	9,090,503	59,805,940	44,580,133
Other income	1 (c)	37,389	37,390	37,390	112,169	123,056
Total income		90,964,814	13,159,507	19,286,770	123,411,091	117,845,534
Expenditure						
Old age pension		8,692,834			8,692,834	8,310,598
Old age grant		114,054	1		114,054	130,955
Survivors' benefits		142,509			142,509	50,332
Invalidity pension		414,951			414,951	78,919
Invalidity grant		13,698			13,698	16,514
Funeral benefit		421,113			421,113	382,130
Sickness benefit			1,396,351		1,396,351	1,287,783
Maternity benefit			1,092,263		1,092,263	1,204,066
Medical care sickness			846,303		846,303	410,553
Disablement benefit				643,688	643,688	544,611
Death benefit				479,401	479,401	392,483
Injury benefit				1,296,302	1,296,302	1,115,351
Medical care injury benefit				885,121	885,121	425,009
Sub-total		9,799,159	3,334,917	3,304,512	16,438,588	14,349,304
Administrative expenses	2	4,939,611	866,353	1,180,756	6,986,720	6,553,811
Total expenditure		14,738,770	4,201,270	4,485,268	23,425,308	20,903,115
Excess of income over						
expenditure		76,226,044	8,958,237 ====================================	14,801,502	99,985,783	96,942,419



### BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER 1983

	Notes	Pensions Reserve G\$	Short-term Benefits Reserve G\$	Industrial Benefits Reserve G\$	G\$	G\$	198 G\$	)82 G
Balance at 1 January		358,419,086	54,117,850	73,997,731		486,534,667		389,59
Excess of income over			Ser (Servous) Pouserous					
expenditure		76,226,044	8,958,237	14,801,502		99,985,783		96,94
Balance at 31 December		434,645,130	63,076,087	88,799,233		586,520,450		486,53
			100000000000000000000000000000000000000			=======================================		====
Represented by:								
Fixed assets	3					5,399,332		4,42
Investments	4					551,732,288		444,38
Current assets				1				120
Accrued income				×.	9,128,947		0.000.210	
Sundry debtors					9,128,947 1,696,719		6,808,318	
Stocks and stores					438,958		2,174,126 469,670	
Treasury bills					438,958			
Fixed deposit					- 16,731,897	*	2,244,144	
Cash at bank		9			2,103,432		14,645,539	
Cash on hand							2,355,460	
Oddir Oli Holid					137,353		10,950,115	
		-			30,237,306		39,647,372	
							33,047,372	
Less:								
Current liabilities								
Unpaid benefits					255,822		970,528	
Sundry creditors					592,654		945,687	
					848,476		1,916,215	
Net current assets						29,388,830	17001-1-1-0	37,7
						500 500 450		400.7
						586,520,450		486,5
						and the second s		



### NATIONAL INSURANCE SCHEME STATEMENT OF SOURCE AND APPLICATION OF FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1983

			1982	
	G\$	G\$	G\$	G\$
Source of funds				
Operating surplus for the year		99,985,783		96,942,419
Adjustment for item not involving the movement of funds				
Depreciation		204,620		101,426
Total funds generated from operations		100,190,403		97,043,845
Funds from other sources			- Apple	
Sales/Redemption of Government debentures Redemptions of Overseas debentures	30,550,000 100,251	30,650,251	19,350,000 —	19,350,000
		130,840,654		116,393,845
Application of Funds				
Purchase of Government debentures Purchase of fixed assets	138,000,000 1,182,981	139,182,981	114,000,000 881,783	114,881,783
(Decrease)/Increase in working capital  Represented by:		( 8,342,327)		1,512,062
Increase/(Decrease) in accrued income Increase/(Decrease) in stocks and stores Increase/(Decrease) in sundry debtors Decrease in creditors and unpaid benefits		2,320,629 ( 30,712) ( 477,407) 1,067,739 2,880,249		( 2,138,286) 162,194 14,520 228,750 ( 1,732,822)
Movement in net liquid funds				
(Decrease) in cash at bank Increase/(Decrease) in cash on hand (Decrease) in treasury bills and fixed deposits	( 252,028) ( 10,812,762) ( 157,786)		7,360,439 ( 3,553,857)	
	out that I Provide the	( 11,222,576)	Manager and American State of the	3,244,884
		( 8,342,327)		1,512,062



### NATIONAL INSURANCE SCHEME ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- (a) The National Insurance Scheme is not funded by the Central Government.
- (b) Employers' and employees' contributions are recognised as contribution income only when received.

  All other income are accounted for on an accrual basis.
- (c) Stocks and stores

Stocks and stores are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

(d) Depreciation

Depreciation on buildings is calculated on a straight line basis at the rate of 2%

Depreciation of other fixed assets is calculated on a reducing balance basis at the rates specified below.

Furniture and fittings	-	10%
1		
Office equipment		10%
Motor vehicles	_	25%

A full year's depreciation is charged in the year of acquisition and no depreciation is charged in the year of disposal.



### NOTES ON THE ACCOUNTS

#### 1. Income

The bases used in the allocation of income are on actuarial recommendation and are as follows:-

### (a) Contributions

Contributions represent income from employed and self-employed persons and are distributed among the three benefit branches as follows:—

(i)	Pensions	73.6%
(ii)	Short term benefits	10.4%
(iii)	Industrial benefits	16.0%

### (b) Investment income

The total annual income from investments is distributed among the reserves in the ratio of the amount of the reserve of each of the branches at the beginning of the year together with fifty percent (50%) of the difference between the contributions and the expenses for that year pertaining to that benefit branch.

The computed percentage ratios are as follows:—

(1)	Pensions	73.9%
(ii)	Short term benefits	10.9%
(iii)	Industrial benefits	15.2%

### (c) Other income

All other income to the fund which cannot be identified with any specific branch is distributed among the three branches in equal parts.

### 2. (a) Administrative expenses

The administrative expenditure of the fund is distributed, based on actuarial recommendations, in the proportion which the sum of the contribution income and benefit expenditure shown in the income and expenditure account of that branch, bears to the sum of the contribution income and benefit expenditure of the fund as a whole.

The computed percentage ratios are as follows:-

(i)	Pensions	70.7%
(ii)	Short term benefits	12.4%
(iii)	Industrial benefits	16.9%



### 2. (b)

		1982
	G\$	G\$
Acting allowance	57,033	28,260
Advertising	26,540	39,027
Anniversary celebrations	32,304	11,902
Appeal tribunal fees	600	1,369
Audit fees and expenses	32,531	21,809
Bad debts	22,898	
Bank charges	928	493
Board members' fees	15,479	15,914
Cash shortage/(Overage)	( 15)	1
Cashiers' allowance	4,698	4,428
Clearing and cleaning materials	18,338	16,668
Commuted car allowances	283,783	187,220
Consultancy fees	3,500	-
Cost and penalty fees	1,118	6,052
Depreciation	204,620	101,426
Donations	57,439	10,623
Electricity	87,515	92,326
Entertainment allowances	9,355	8,093
Entertainment expenses	26,493	5,662
Fuel	22,971	30,932
General office expense and supplies	157,661	166,041
Gratuities	71,700	28,102
Health Insurance	13,636	7,335
House allowance	4,800	1,426
Incentive	127,981	64,697
Insurance premiums	25,880	20,561
International conferences	23,000	2,007
Leave passage assistance	90,858	104,534
Local training	17,792	16,336
Maintenance — Motor vehicles	19,666	33,038
— G.M's car	17,388	7,103
— G.W.s car — Rented buildings	139	1,262
<ul><li>Furniture and fittings</li></ul>	43,533	14,263
		19,017
- Office equipment	19,867	86,054
— Properties	68,662	51,021
Mashramani	78,876	159,361
National Insurance contributions	173,053 21,417	6,922
Newspapers and subscriptions		4,229
Overseas training	90	
Overtime	12,001	25,976
Carried forward	1,873,128	1,401,490



### 2. (b) Cont'd

		G\$	1982 G\$
Brought forward		1,873,128	1,401,490
Post Office agency fees		517,988	435,547
Postages, telegrams and cables		34,306	35,328
Printing and printed stationery		410,788	252,806
Printing of National Insurance stamps		(9,976)	7,626
Publications		54,278	52,426
Rates and taxes		15,843	12,725
Rent		15,496	15,518
Responsibility allowances		3,049	- FRET 2015
Salaries		2,910,721	3,313,452
Security fees		426,351	322,848
Subsistence allowance		67,870	62,648
Sundries		6,102	421
Sports	9	1,039	12,774
St. Stephen's school	,	47,051	35,613
Telephone	-	227,092	223,874
Transportation		32,384	39,756
Travelling — mileage		204,697	123,050
Uniforms		68,035	64,986
Wages		70,368	125,730
Welfare payment		10,110	15,193
		6,986,720	6,553,811



### NOTES ON THE ACCOUNTS

### 3. Fixed assets

	Freehold Land and Buildings	Furniture, Fixtures & Fittings	Office Equipment	Motor t Vehicles	Work-in- Progress	Total
	G\$	G\$	G\$	G\$	G\$	G\$
Cost						
At 1 January 1983	4,102,884	276,329	490,946	84,983	338,600	5,293,742
Additions	927,063	49,725	157,048	49,145		1,182,981
At 31 December 1983	5,029,947	326,054	647,994	134,128	338,600	6,476,723
Depreciation		-				
At 1 January 1983	429,402	124,829	245,172	73,368	_	872,771
Charge for the year	129,138	20,123	40,282	15,077		204,620
At 31 December 1983	558,540	144,952	285,454	88,445		1,077,391
Net Book Values:	P. L. P. P.					
At 31 December 1983	4,471,407	181,102	362,540	45,683	338,600	5,399,332
At 31 December 1982	3,673,482	151,500	245,774	11,615	338,600	4,420,971

### 4. Investments

	Balance at 1.1.83 G\$	Additions G\$	Disposals G\$	Balance at 31.12.83 G\$
Shares in Guyana Printers Limited Ordinary Shares of \$1.00				
each	18,152	_	-	18,152
Government of Guyana debentures (fixed dated)	443,750,000	138,000,000	30,550,000	551,200,000
Overseas Government debentures with redemption				
dates	614,387	_	100,251	514,136
	444,382,539	138,000,000	30,650,251	551,732,288

Guyana Printers Limited has gone into voluntary liquidation.



### 5. Future capital expenditure

		1982
	G\$	G\$
Expanditure outhorized by the Division	*	
Expenditure authorised by the Directors and contracted for	200,000	705,142
Expenditure authorised by the Directors		
and not contracted for	1,200,000	904,858

<sup>6.</sup> An actuarial valuation was done for the Scheme as at 31 December 1977 and the results of the valuation revealed that there was a surplus of assets over liabilities. The next actuarial valuation due at 31 December 1982 has not yet commenced.



### PART III

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TABLE I

NUMBER OF EMPLOYERS REGISTERED BY INDUSTRY AND SIZE
1983

INDUSTRY		NUMB	ER OF EMPL	OYERS BY	SIZE		TOTAL
INDUSTRY	1–5	610	11–20	21-50	51-100	100+	TOTAL EMPLOYERS
Agriculture and poultry rearing	12	1	_	1			14
Rice farming	4	1	_	_	_	_	5
Forestry and logging	1	1		1		_	3
Hunting and trapping	_	_	1	_		_	1
Fishing	1	2	1	_	_	-diff.	4
Food manufacturing	4	2	_	_		_	6
Rice milling	2		_	1		Arrana a	3
Manufacture of textile	1	_	_			_	1
Manufacture of wood (sawmilling)	2	1					3
Manufacture of wearing apparel	3	1	1	1			
Manufacture of furniture	4	2	1			_	6
Manufacture of paper products		1		_	-	_	6
Printing and publishing industries			_	_	-	_	1
Manufacture of chemical products			1	_	_	_	1
Manufacture of non-metallic products (clay and glass)	_	1	_	_	_	_	1
Manufacture of metallic products	3	'	_	_	-	_	1
Manufacture of electrical machinery	2	-	_	-	-	-	3
Manufacture and repair of transport equipment	7		-	_	_	_	2
Manufacture and repair of	,	-	_	_	-	_	7
jewels, guitars etc.	5	_	_	_	_		5
Construction	18	8	6	4	1	1	38
Sanitary services	_	_	1	_		_	1
Wholesale and retail trade	42	6	5	1			54
Banks and other financial institution	1	_	_	-		_	1
Insurance	3	_	_	_			3
Transportation	6	_	1	1		_	8
Government services (administrative)	_	_	_	1		_	1
Business services	25	2	6	2		_	35
Recreational services	13	4	1	_		_	18
Personal services	69	5	-	1	1	_	76
Total Employers	228	39	24	14	2	1	308



. TABLE II

NUMBER OF EMPLOYED REGISTRANTS BY AGE GROUP, SEX AND MARITAL STATUS
1983

AGE	MALES				FEMALES				MALES AND FEMALES			GRAND
GROUP	Married	Single	Others	Total	Married	Single	Others	Total	Married	Single	Others	TOTAL
Under 16	1	537	0	538	2	203	0	205	3	740	0	743
16 – 20	77	4,879	41	4,997	78	2,305	16	2,399	155	7,184	57	7,396
21 - 25	168	806	36	1,010	197	731	28	956	365	1,537	64	1,966
26 – 30	118	131	20	269	155	183	40	378	273	314	60	647
31 – 35	67	43	8	118	126	74	26	226	193	117	34	344
36 - 40	51	30	13	94	88	52	16	156	139	82	29	250
41 – 45	34	14	12	60	48	18	20	86	82	32	32	146
46 - 50	28	20	7	55	26	10	13	49	54	30	20	104
51 - 55	22	8	4	34	11	9	0	20	33	17	4	54
56 - 60	14	5	7	26	6	2	- 1	9	20	7	8	35
Over 60	14	9	9	32	2	7	3	12	16	16	12	44
Total	594	6,482	157	7,233	739	3,594	163	4,496	1,333	10,076	320	11,729



TABLE III

NUMBER OF EMPLOYED REGISTRANTS BY INDUSTRY AND SEX
1983

INDUSTRY (1)	MALES (2)	FEMALES (3)	TOTAL (4)	
Agriculture	292	97	389	
Sugar Cane Farming	1,558	168	1,726	
Rice Farming	176	35	21	
Forestry and Logging	159	16	179	
Fishing	16	4	20	
Bauxite Mining	74	51	12	
Metallic Mineral Mining	12	3	1	
Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas	6	2	ı l	
Stone Quarrying, Clay and Sand Pits	9	4_	1 1-1 - 1-1	
Food Manufacturing	157	315	47	
Sugar Factories and Refineries	47	39	8	
Rice Milling	51	13	6	
Beverage Industries	113	10	12	
Manufacture of Tobacco	15	11	2	
Manufacture of Textiles	19	49	6	
Manufacture of Footwear and Garments	178	1,066	1,24	
Manufacture of Wood and Cork	604	41	64	
Manufacture of Furniture and Fixtures	147	18	16	
Manufacture of Paper and its Products	8	_		
Printing, Publishing and Allied Industries	16	15	3	
Manufacture of Leather and Fur (Products)	2	_		
Manufacture of Chemical and Chemical Products	101	79	180	
Manufacture of Clay and Glass Products	2	1		
Basic Metallic Industries	35	1 1	3(	
Manufacture of Metal Products (exp. machinery)	24	2	20	
Manufacture of Electrical Machinery and Repair	90	19	109	
Manufacture of Transport Equipment and Repair	128	41	169	
Manufacture of Miscellaneous Articles/Repair	15	3	18	
Construction	576	67	643	
Electricity, Gas and Steam	43	14	5	
Vater and Sanitary Services	47	9	56	
Vholesale and Retail Trade	259	328	58	
Banks and Other Financial Institutions	48	84	133	
nsurance	39	63	102	
Real Estate	1	4		
ransport	208	63	27	
Communication	81	43	124	
Sovernment Services (Administrative)	223	134	357	
Community and Business Services	1,456	1,087	2,543	
Recreational Services	45	39	84	
Personal Services	153	462	615	
Fotal	7,233	4,496	11,729	



### TABLE IV

### NUMBER OF SELF-EMPLOYED REGISTRANTS BY AGE GROUP, SEX AND MARITAL STATUS 1983

AGE GROUP	MALES						FEMALES					MALES &
	Married	Single	Widower	Divorced	Separated	Total	Married	Single	Widow	Divorced	Total	FEMALES
16 – 20	_	5	_	_	_	5	1	5	_	_	6	11
21 - 25	14	16	_	_	_	30	3	3	_	_	6	36
26 - 30	21	14	_	_	_	35	6	6	_	_	12	47
31 - 35	42	10	_	2	1	55	5	4	_	_	9	64
36 - 40	22	1	_	1	_	24	6	1	-	1	8	32
41 - 45	16	2	_	-	1	19	1	1	1	1	4	23
46 - 50	15	5	_	2	1	23	8	2		1	11	34
51 - 55	17	2	1	1	1	22	6	1	<sup>1</sup> 2	_	9	31
56 – 60	13	3	2	_	_	18	2	1	_	_	3	21
Total	160	58	3	6	4	231	38	24	3	3	68	299



# TABLE V NUMBER OF SELF-EMPLOYED REGISTRANTS BY INDUSTRY AND SEX 1983

INDUSTRY (1)	MALES	FEMALES	TOTAL	
Agriculture	27	3	30	
Rice Farming	20		20	
Forestry and Logging	8		8	
Fishing	4	1	4	
Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas	1		1	
Food Manufacturing	6	2	8	
Manufacture of Footwear and Garments	9		9	
Manufacture of Furniture and Fixtures	1	<u></u>	1	
Manufacture of Paper and Paper Products	1 1	_	1	
Manufacture of Metal Products	1	<u>_</u>	1	
Manufacture and Repair of Electrical Machinery	8		8	
Manufacture and Repair of Transport Equipment	5		5	
Manufacture and Repair of Miscellaneous Products	2	1 - 6 - 1 - 6 - 1 - 1	2	
Construction	27		28	
Wholesale and Retail Trade	67	51	118	
Transportation	10	_	10	
Community and Business Services	15	1	16	
Recreational Services	1	<u> </u>	1	
Personal Services	18	10	28	
Total	231	68	299	



TABLE VI

# NUMBER OF OLD AGE PENSIONS GRANTED AND NUMBER OF CONTRIBUTIONS PAID AND CREDITED 1983

		MALES			FEMALES			MALE	S AND FE	MALES	
AGE	Number of Insured Persons	Contri- butions Paid & Credited	Contri- butions Credited	Number of Insured Persons	Contri- butions Paid & Credited	Contri- butions Credited	Number of Insured Persons	Contri- butions Paid & Credited	Contri- butions Credited	% Age Credited	Average Number of Contri- butions
60	493	420,286	144,203	108	91,203	31.986	601	511.489	176.189	34	851
61	226	194,425	75,062	48	40,133	15,524	274	234,558	90,586	39	856
62	60	51,632	21,469	19	15,308	6,935	79	66.940	28,404	42	847
63	16	13,710	6,453	8	6.566	3,059	24	20,276	9,512	47	845
64	9	7,209	3,544	6	4,677	2,621	15	11.886	6,165	52	792
65	10	7,960	4,331	3	2,350	1,278	13	10.310	5,609	54	793
66	8	6,462	3,526	3	2,494	1,275	11	8,956	4,801	54	814
67	6	4.784	2,790	2	1,536	1.043	8	6,320	3.833	61	790
68	4	3,272	1.938	4	3,268	1,925	8	6,540	3,863	59	818
69	3	2,466	1,549	1	804	500	4	3,270	2,049	63	818
70	_		_	2	1,790	1,050	2	1,790	1,050	59	895
71	2	1,566	1,100	2 2	1,724	1,100	4	3,290	2,200	67	823
72	1	753	575	_	_		1	753	575	76	753
73	_		-	-		_			-	_	
74	1	835	600	_		_	1	835	600	72	835
Total	839	715,360	267,140	206	171,853	68,296	1,045	887,213	335,436	38	849



# TABLE VII OLD AGE PENSIONS IN PAYMENT AS AT 31.12.83 BY AGE, SEX AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS 1983

				EMPLOY	MENT STAT	rus	-				
AGE	EMPL	.OYED		SEL	F-EMPLOYE	)	ALL CATEGORIES				
	Males	Females	Males & Females	Males	Females	Males & Females	Males	Females	Males & Females		
60	475	104	579	14	3	17	489	107	596		
61	747	177	924	16	1	17	763	178	941		
62	831	177	1,008	22	3	25	853	180	1,033		
63	678	153	831	17	_	17	695	153	848		
64	563	118	681	2	1 1	3	565	119	684		
65	635	141	776	3		3	638	141			
66	615	125	740	9	1	10	624	126	779		
67	510	105	615	2	_	2	512	105	750		
68	652	108	760	6	_	6	658	108	617		
69	579	114	693	4	4 1	8	583		766		
70	435	62	497	8	1 1	9	443	118	701		
71	252	44	296	9	3	12	261	63	506		
72	194	35	229	4	3	7		47	308		
73	170	35	205	6	2	8	198	38	236		
74	173	26	199	4	_	4	176	37	213		
75	84	13	97	2		2	177	26	203		
	-				_	2	86	13	99		
Total	7,593	1,537	9,130	128	22	150	7,721	1,559	9,280		



, TABLE VIII

# NUMBER OF OLD AGE GRANTS BY AGE, SEX AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF RECIPIENTS 1983

405		EMPLOYED		SEI	_F-EMPLOYED		ALL CATEGORIES
AGE	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males & Females
60	47	20	67	5	2	7	74
61	42	18	60	3		3	63
62	28	8	36	1	-	1	37
63	7	5	12	_	- 4	-	12
64	11		11	-	-	_	11
65	9	_	9	_	-	_	9
66	5	2	7	_	_	-	7
67	2	2	4	_	_	_	4
68	3	_	3	1 -	_	_	3
69	3	_	3		-	_	3
70	4	1	5	-	_	-	5
71	5	_	5	_	_	_	5
72	1	_	1		_	_	1
73	2	_	2	_	_	_	2
74	2	_	2	_	_	_	2
75	-	_	_	_	_	-	-
76	1	1	2	_	_	_	2
Total	172	57	229	9	2	11	240



**TABLE IX** 

#### NUMBER OF INVALIDITY PENSIONS GRANTED DURING THE YEAR BY AGE, SEX AND NUMBER OF CONTRIBUTIONS PAID AND CREDITED 1983

		MA	LES			FEN	MALES			MAL	ES & FEMAL	ES
AGE	No. of Persons	Contri- Butions Paid	Contri- Butions Credited	Paid & Credited Contri- Butions	No. of Persons	Contri-1 Butions Paid	Contri- Butions Credited	Paid & Credited Contri- Butions	No. of Persons	Contri- Butions Paid	Contri- Butions Credited	Paid & Credited Contri- Butions
22	1	277	25	302	_	_	_	_	1	277	25	302
27	1	383	35	418	- 1		_	_	1	383	35	418
30	_		_	- Z	1	350	_	350	1	350	_	350
33	2	811	61	872	_	_	_	_	2	811	61	872
35	- '-	-	_	_	1	579	33	612	1.	579	33	612
36	1	450	3	453	_	_	_	_	1	450	3	450
37	1	418	60	478	_	-	_	_	1	418	60	478
38	1	591	25	616	-	_	_	_	1	591	25	616
39	1	640	21	661		_	_	_	1	640	21	66
40	1	452	12	464	1	439	27	466	2	891	39	930
42	1	604	2	606	1	485	33	518	2	1.089	35	1,124
43	2	896	67	963	1	429	1 40	469	3	1,325	107	1,43
44	2	744	35	779		-	_	-	2	744	35	779
45	_	-	-	-	1	559	- 30	589	1	559	30	589
46	3	1,330	91	1,421	2	1,161	105					
47	3	1,811	70	1,881	_	1,101		1,266	5	2,491	196	2,687
48	4	2,281	60	2,341	_	_	_	-	3	1,811	70	1,88
49	5	2,881	165	3,046	3	1,540	65	1,605	8	2,281	60	2,341
50	5	2,858	143	3,001	3	1,370	109	1,479	8	4,421 4,228	230	4,651 4,480
51	3	1,787	296	2,083	2	1,195	152	1,479	5	2,982	252	
52	7	3,340	416	3,756	3	1,705	230	1,935	10	5,045	448 646	3,430 5,691
53	7	3,717	904	4,621	4	1,965	452	2,417	11	5,682		7,038
54	10	5,371	1,303	6,674	_	1,905	452	2,417	10	5,082	1,356 1,303	6,674
55	11	5,644	1,940	7,584	2	753	238	991	13	6,397	2,178	8,575
56	10	5,291	1,868	7,159	5	2,823	1,061	3,884	15	8,114	2,178	11.043
57	10	5,602	2,352	7,954	5	2,716	1,289	4,005	15	8,318	3,641	11,043
58	6	3,544	1,654	5,198	5	2,856	1,299	4,005	11	6,400	2,953	9.353
59	7	4,076	2,092	6,168	2	764	304	1,068	9	4,840	2,396	7,236
Total	105	55,799	13,700	69,499	42	21,689	5,467	27,156	147	77,488	19,167	96,65



#### TABLE X

# NUMBER OF INVALIDITY PENSIONS IN PAYMENT AS AT 31.12.83 BY AGE AND SEX

AGE	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
20 – 24	1	_	1
25 – 29	1	_	1
30 – 34	2		2
35 – 39	3	1	4
40 - 44	8	3	11
45 – 49	20	6	26
50 - 54	33	11	44
55 – 59	60	19	79
Total	128	40	168



TABLE XI

NUMBER OF INVALIDITY GRANTS AWARDED BY AGE, SEX AND AMOUNT PAID
1983

	MAL	ES	FEMA	ALES	MALES AN	ID FEMALES
AGE	Number of Insured Persons	Amount Paid \$	Number of Insured Persons	Amount Paid \$	Number of Insured Persons	Amount Pai
29	1	858.00	_		1	858.00
30	-	_	_	_	_	858.00
31	_	_		_		
32	_	_	1	585.00	1	505.00
33	_		_	-	1	585.00
34	1	500.50	_		1	
35	_	_	_		1	500.50
36	1	214.50	_	_	-	_
37	_	_		1	1	214.50
38	1 1	526.50		_	_	
39	_	-	1		1	526.50
40	1	136.50	_		_	_
41		130.50	- 1	=	1	136.50
42	_	_	_	-	_	_
43		_	_	-	_	_
44	_	_		-	-	_
45	1	-	2	240.50	2	240.50
46	1	318.50	-	-	1	318.50
47	2	715.00	-	-	1	715.00
48		637.00	-	-	2	637.00
49	_		_	-	_	_
50	3	1,573.00	-	-	3	1,573.00
50	1	643.50	-	_	1	643.50
	2	1,287.00	-	_	2	1,287.00
52	_	-	-	-	_	-
53	3	864.50	-	-	3	864.50
54	-	-	-	-	_	_
55	2	520.00	-	_	2	520.00
56	_	-	-	_	_	-
57	2	721.50	-	_	2	721.50
58	2	949.00	-	_	2	949.00
59	1	442.00	_	-	1	442.00
Total	25	10,907.00	3	825.50	28	11,732.50



#### TABLE XII

#### NUMBER OF SURVIVORS' PENSIONS AWARDED BY AGE-GROUP AND CONDITION OF AWARD 1983

AGE GROUP	WIDOWS WITH CHILDREN	WIDOWS OVER 45 YEARS	OTHER DEPENDANTS	TOTAL
Under 35	1	_	_	1
35 – 39	3	_	_	3
40 — 44	8	_	1	9
45 – 49	8	9	_	17
50 – 54	12	1 15	_	27
55 – 59	6	46	_	52
60 – 64	_	31	_	31
65 – 69	_	19	_	19
70 and over	_	15	1	16
TOTAL	38	135	2	175



#### ȚABLE XIII NUMBER OF FUNERAL BENEFIT PAYMENTS BY AGE-GROUP, SEX, INSURED STATUS AND EMPLOYMENT CATEGORY OF DECEASED PERSONS 1983

								EMP	LOY	ME	IT S	STA	TUS								
		1	EMPL	OYE	)		S	ELF-	EMP OTH				TOTAL STREET		Α	LLC	ATE	GOR	IES		
AGE	IV	IALE	s	FE	MAL	ES	P	MALE	s	FE	MA	LES	ı	MAL	ES	FE	MAI	LES		IALE EMA	
GROUP	Directly Insured	Spouse	Total	Directly Insured	Spouse Insured	Total	Directly Insured	Spouse Insured	Total	Directly	Spouse	Total	Directly Insured	Spouse	Total	Directly Insured	Spouse Insured	Total	Directly Insured	Spouse Insured	Total
16 — 20 21 — 25 26 — 30 31 — 35 36 — 40 41 — 45 46 — 50 51 — 55 56 — 60 Over 60	7 15 16 29 18 25 38 59 60 163	1 4 - 2 5 1 2 3	7 15 17 33 18 27 43 60 62 166	3 3 2 1 6 10 1 9 20	2 	2 3 4 4 2 11 16 8 17 26				- - - - - - - 1	1 1 1 - 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 2	7 15 16 29 18 25 38 60 60	1 4 1 2 5 1 2 3	7 15 17 33 19 27 43 61 62 169	3 3 2 1 6 10 1 9	2 3 2 6 6 7 9	2 3 5 5 3 12 16 8 18 28	7 18 19 31 19 31 48 61 69 187	2  3 7 3 8 11 8 11	9 18 22 38 22 39 59 69 80 197
Total	430	18	448	55	38	93	4	1	5	1	6	7	434	19	453	56	44	100	490	63	553



TABLE XIV

# NUMBER OF TERMINATED SICKNESS SPELLS BY BENEFIT DAYS, SEX AND SECTOR 1983

					SECTOR				
BENEFIT DAYS		SUGAR		N	ON-SUGAR		В	ОТН SECTOR	RS
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
1	162	43	205	525	268	793	687	311	998
2	226	30	256	510	232	742	736	262	998
3	556	70	626	852	399	1,251	1,408	469	1,877
4	127	12	139	107	83	190	234	95	329
5	79	11	90	119	72	191	198	83	281
6	139	18	157	180	82	262	319	100	419
7	63	10	73	99	45	144	162	55	217
8	100	13	113	111	65	176	211	78	289
9	270	39	309	305	148	453	575	187	762
10	58	6	64	72	28	100	130	34	164
11	29	8	37	35	13	48	64	21	85
12	30	9	39	70	25	95	100	34	134
13	23	1	24	30	8	38	53	9	1
14	34	6	40	52	12	64	86	1	62
15	59	8	67	109	26	135	168	18 34	104
16	20	2	22	19	6	25	39		
17	27	1	28	14	10	24	41	8	47
18	25	3	28	29	11	40		11	52
19 - 24	181	21	202	189	68	257	54 370	14 89	68
25 - 31	79	9	88	97	21	118	176	30	459
32 - 36	67	11	78	112	32	144	179	1	206
37 - 42	47	5	52	30	22	52	77	43	222
43 - 48	47	3	50	39	10	49		27	104
49 - 54	17	2	19	14	4		86	13	99
55 - 60	15	5	20	20		18	31	6	37
61 – 66	17	1	18	10	6	26	35	11	46
67 - 72	20	1	21		2	12	27	3	30
73 – 78	14	4	18	16	1	17	36	2	38
79 – 84	10	2	12	15	2	17	29	6	35
85 – 90	8	3		5	1	6	15	3	18
91 – 96	6	2	11	2	_	2	10	3	13
97 – 102	8	1	8	7	1	8	13	3	16
103 – 108	3	1	9	10	_	10	18	1	19
109 – 114	7	1	4	5	1	6	8	2	10
115 – 120	1 1	_	7	_	2	2	7	2	9
115 – 120 121 – 126	2	1	2	4	2	6	6	2	8
	3	1	4	9	3	12	12	4	16
127 – 132	2	1	3	3	1	4	5	2	7
133 – 138	1 1	1	2	5	1	6	6	2	8
139 — 144	7	1	8	6	1	7	13	2	15
145 — 150	10	3	13	4	4	8	14	7	21
151 – 156	45	3	48	13	6	19	58	9	67
Total	2,643	371	3,014	3,853	1,724	5,577	6,496	2,095	8,591



# TÁBLE XV NUMBER OF TERMINATED SICKNESS SPELLS PAID BY AGE AND SEX 1983

405					MENT STAT				
AGE	EMI	PLOYED		SE	LF-EMPLOYE	D	ВО	TH CATEGO	RIES
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Tota
16	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
17	8	1	9	_	_		8	1	
18	16	3	19	_ •	_	_	16	3	1:
19	105	14	119	_	_		105	14	119
20	99	35	134	1	_	1	100	35	13
21	147	60	207	_	_		147	60	20
22	177	94	271	_	_	_	177	94	27
23	215	90	305		_	_	215	90	30!
24	221	87	308	_	_	_	213	87	308
25	218	114	332	1		1	219		
26	243	121	364			_	1	114	333
27	261	107	368	1		1	243	121	364
28	208	115	323				262	107	369
29	212	78	290		_		208	115	323
30	252	99	351		1 - 2	_	212	78	290
31	254	100	354	_	2	2	252	101	353
32	191	85	1		_		254	100	354
33	194	79	276		_	-	191	85	276
34	238		273	_	_	_	194	79	273
35		67	305	1	_	1	239	67	306
	197	62	259	_	_	-	197	62	259
36	150	61	211	_	_	-	150	61	211
37	165	55	220	<del>-</del>	_	-	165	55	220
38	139	49	188	_	=	-	139	49	188
39	121	41	162	_	_	-	121	41	162
40	141	37	178	2	-	2	143	37	180
41	170	40	210	_	_	_	170	40	210
42	160	42	202	_	_	-	160	42	202
43	160	35	195	-	_	-	160	35	195
44	131	28	159	_	_	-	131	28	159
45	132	35	167	5	1	6	137	36	173
46	115	23	138	4	_	4	119	23	142
47	150	24	174	1	_	1	151	24	175
48	133	27	160	-	_	-	133	27	160
49	128	28	156	-	-	_	128	28	156
50	111	28	139	-	_	_	111	28	139
51	132	18	150	_	_	_	132	18	150
52	105	16	121	_	_	_	105	16	121
53	113	18	131	_	_	_	113	18	131
54	95	15	110	_	_	_	95	15	110
55	103	11	114	_	_	_	103	11	114
56	97	9	106	_	_	_	97	9	106
57	91	19	110	_	_	_	91	19	110
58	107	15	122	_	_	_	107	1	
59	75	6	81	_	_			15	122
60	_	1	1	-	_	_	75 —	6 1	81 1
Total	6,480	2,092	8,572	16	3	19	6,496	2,095	8,591



#### · TABLE XVI

### NUMBER OF SICKNESS MEDICAL CARE CASES BY AGE GROUP, SEX AND SECTOR 1983

AGE GROUP			SEC	TOR				
		SUGAR			NON-SUGAR		ALL INDUSTRIES	
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Both Categories	
16 – 20	14	2	16	16	6	22	38	
21 – 25	36	12	48	61	60	121	169	
26 – 30	72	13	85	127	137	264	349	
31 – 35	61	10	71	143	153	296	367	
36 – 40	44	6	50	134	117	251	301	
41 – 45	73	6	79	101	96	197	276	
46 - 50	60	4	64	87	56	143	207	
51 – 55	57	7	64	75	31	106	170	
56 - 60	40	7	47	<b>39</b>	15	54	101	
Total	457	67	524	783	671	1,454	1,978	



#### TABLE XVII

#### NUMBER OF MATERNITY BENEFIT CASES BY AGE GROUP AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF BENEFICIARY AND BENEFIT DAYS 1983

			EMPLOYM	ENT STATUS	1		
AGE GROUP	EMPL	OYED	SELF-I	EMPLOYED	BOTH CATEGORIES		
	Number of Cases	Number of Benefit Days	Number of Cases	Number of Benefit Days	Number of Cases	Number of Benefit Days	
Under 20	17	1,200	1 -	73	18	1,273	
20 – 24	355	25,277		_	355	25,277	
25 – 29	481	33,084	2	156	483	33,240	
30 – 34	260	17,760	1	77	261	17,837	
35 – 39	95	6,515	_	_	95	6,515	
40 – 44	20	1,315	_		20	1,315	
45 – 49	-	_	_	_	_	_	
Total	1,228	85,151	4	306	1,232	85,457	



#### · TABLE XVIII

#### NUMBER OF MATERNITY BENEFIT CASES BY WAGE GROUP AND DURATION 1983

DURATION  Benefit Days	WAGE GROUP											
	I	П	Ш	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	Х	TOTA	
10		_	_	_		_	_	1	1	_	2	
11	_	_	-		-	_	-	e •	-	_	_	
12	_	_	-	_	-	_	- 1	-	-	_	-	
13	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	-	
14	_	_	_	_	-		- 1	1	_	_	1	
15	_	-		_	_	_	_	1 -	1	-	1	
16	_	_	_	_	_	_	1		_	_	1	
17	_	_	_	_	_	_		-	1	-		
18		_	_	_	-	1	_	_	_	1		
19 – 24	_		_	_	_	3	1	1	2	2		
25 - 30	_	_	1	1	1/	3	-	2	3	5	16	
31 – 36	_	_	_	1	_	5	-	2	5	5	18	
37 – 42		_	_	_	1	10	1	1	5	9	2	
43 – 48	_	_	2	_	_	14	6	3	25	16	66	
49 – 54	_	2	1	_	_	11	6	6	15	28	69	
55 — 60	_	_	_	1	_	5	2	4	1	9	2:	
61 – 66	_	1	2	5	3	4	12	9	5	12	53	
67 – 72	1	1	1	1	4	11	21	18	5	20	83	
73 – 78	11	6	25	35	50	158	176	119	59	221	860	
Total	12	10	32	44	59	225	226	167	128	329	1,232	



# TABLE XIX NUMBER OF INJURY SPELLS BY AGE GROUP AND SEX 1983

AGE GROUP	MALES	FEMALES	MALES AND FEMALES
Below 16	3		3
16 – 20	1,205	9	1,214
21 – 25	2,290	28	2,318
26 – 30	1,720	53	1,773
31 – 35	1,049	68	1,117
36 – 40	753	90	843
41 – 45	606	118	724
46 - 50	575	89	664
51 - 55	357	53	410
56 - 60	198	49	247
Over 60	36	1 2	38
Total	8,792	- 559	9,351



TABLE XX

INJURY SPELLS BY BENEFIT DAYS, SEX AND SECTOR
1983

BENEFIT	SUG	GAR		NON	SUGAR		ALL II	NDUSTRIES	
DAYS	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
1	6		6	1	_	1	7	_	7
2	15	1	16	7	_	7	22	1	23
3	114	8	122	19	4	23	133	12	145
4	604	29	633	66	6	72	670	35	705
5	969	33	1,002	64	8	72	1,033	41	1,074
6	1,809	74	1,883	90	8	98	1,899	82	1,981
7	449	32	481	13	2	15	462	34	496
8	393	29	422	26	_	26	419	29	448
9	399	32	431	23	1	24	422	33	455
10	383	23	406	25	-	25	408	23	431
11	368	35	403	26	3	29	394	38	432
12	545	33	578	<i>1</i> 37	1	38	582	34	616
13	289	27	316	8	1	9	297	28	325
14	216	16	232	- 21	_	21	237	16	253
15	163	14	177	7	_ 1	7	170	14	184
16	116	11	127	8	_	8	124	11	135
17	101	10	111	11	-	11	112	10	122
18	121	9	130	13	_	13	134	9	143
19 – 24	523	38	561	28	2	30	551	40	591
25 - 30	175	12	187	20	4	24	195	16	211
31 – 36	115	11	126	27	_	27	142	11	153
37 – 42	65	5	70	16	1	17	81	6	87
43 - 48	54	2	56	12	1	13	66	3	69
49 – 54	32	6	38	4	_	4	36	6	42
55 — 60	32	4	36	7	_	7	39	4	43
61 – 66	16	3	19	5	_	5	21	3	24
67 – 72	18	3	21	5	_	5	23	3	26
73 – 78	17	3	20	2	_	2	19	3	22
79 – 84	7	2	9	2	_	2	9	2	11
85 — 90	7	3	10	2	_	2	9	3	12
91 – 96	7	2	9	4	_	4	11	2	13
97 — 102	4	1	5	1	_	1	5	1	6
103 — 108	5	_	5	2	_	2	7	_	7
109 — 114	4	2	6	3	_	3	7	2	9
115 — 120	2	2	4	1	_	1	3	2	5
121 – 126	3	_	3	2	_	2	5	_	5
127 – 132	4	_	4	1	_	1	5	_	5
133 – 138	3	_	3	1	_	1	4	_	4
139 – 144	2	_	2	3	_	3	5	_	5
145 – 150	4	1	5	3	_	3	7	1	8
151 – 160	10	1	11	7	-	7	17	1	18
Total	8,169	517	8,686	623	42	665	8,792	559	9,351



#### TABLE XXI

# NUMBER OF INJURY MEDICAL CARE CASES BY AGE GROUP, SEX AND SECTOR 1983

AGE GROUP		SUGAR		NOI	N-SUGAR		BOTH SECTORS		
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
Under 16	1	_	1	1	1	2	2	1	3
16 - 20	676	13	689	127	14	141	803	27	830
21 - 25	1,676	38	1,714	251	35	286	1,927	73	2,000
26 - 30	956	57	1,013	176	47	223	1,132	104	1,236
31 – 35	656	78	734	130	30	160	786	108	894
36 – 40	480	74	554	105	23	128	585	97	682
41 – 45	303	47	350	82	17	99	385	64	449
46 - 50	153	34	187	56	1 11	67	209	45	254
51 - 55	89	22	111	29	3	32	118	25	143
56 - 60	37	9	46	13	2	15	50	11	61
Over 60	4	_	4	2	-	2	, 6	-	- 6
Total	5,031	372	5,403	972	183	1,155	6,003	555	6,558



#### TABLE XXII

# NUMBER OF DISABLEMENT PENSIONS IN PAYMENT AS AT 31.12.83 BY NATURE OF DISABILITY AND WEEKLY AMOUNT OF PENSIONS

NATURE OF DISABILITY	NUMBER OF C	WEEKLY AMOUN'	
Contusions and abrasions	38	_	318.63
Burns and scalds	26		462.80
Concussions	9		190.80
Cuts and lacerations	66	4	905.74
Punctured wounds	4		66.90
Amputations	167		2,113.01
Post-traumatic ankylosis of joints	12		93.29
Post-traumatic paralysis of limbs or parts	1		
of the body	_ 11		295.39
Dislocations	28		394.47
Fractures	162		2,458.79
Sprains and strains	61		452.52
Other injuries including injury to the eye	157		1,970.09
Total	741		9,722.43



#### TABLE XXIII

## DISABLEMENT GRANTS BY AGE-GROUP, SEX AND AMOUNT PAID 1983

	MA	F	EMA	LES	MALES & FEMALES		
AGE GROUP	Number of Cases	Amount Paid \$	Number of Cases	of	Amount Paid \$	Number of Cases	Amount Paid
16 – 20	2	720	_			2	720
21 - 25	7	2,680	_		_	7	2,680
26 - 30	5	1,840	_		_	5	1,840
31 – 35	2	880	2		800	4	1,680
36 - 40	6	1,880	1		200	7	2,080
41 – 45	5	1,680	3		1,000	8	2,680
46 - 50	3	800	3	1	1,000	6	1,800
51 - 55	3	1,080	_	-	_	3	1,080
56 - 60	4	1,680	_			4	1,680
Over 60	1	240	-			1	240
Total	38	13,480	9		3,000	47	16,480



#### TABLE XXIV

#### NUMBER OF INDUSTRIAL DEATH PENSIONS IN PAYMENT AS AT 31.12.83 BY TYPE OF PENSIONS AND NATURE OF INJURY

	TYPE OF PENSION										
NATURE	NUMBER OF DEATHS	WIDOWS WITH CHILDREN	WIDOWS WITHOUT CHILDREN	CHILDREN WHOSE PARENTS REMARRIED	PARENTS	ORPHANS	ALL PENSIONS				
Contusions	1	1	_	_	_	_	1				
Burns and scalds Concussions	7 72	6 51	_ 6	_	1		7				
Cuts and lacerations	12	9	1	4	8 2	3	72				
Punctured wounds	20	14	2	_	4	_	12				
Amputations	20	2	2	_	4	_	20				
Post Traumatic Ankylosis of Joints	1	1	_	_	_		2				
Post Traumatic Paralysis of Limbs or Parts of Body	2	2	,				2				
Dislocation	1	1	~		_	_	1				
Fractures	73	54	5	4	4	6	73				
Sprains and strains	1	_	1		_	0	1				
Asphyxiation	14	10	3	_	1		14				
Drowning	47	30	5	3	8	1	47				
Other injuries	52	42	7	_	3	-	52				
Total	305	223	30	11	31	10	305				





Chairman of NIS Board presenting book award to child of employee.





Members of staff at annual presentation of book awards to employees' children.



Work Study students at work in Georgetown Local Office,



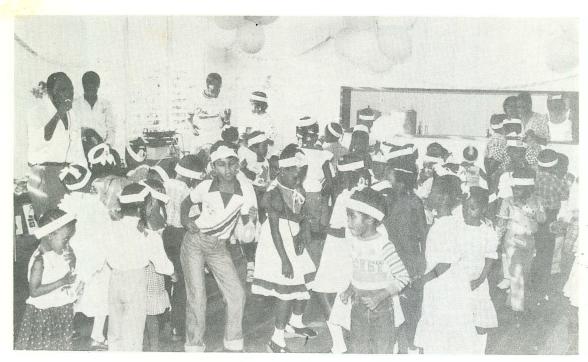


Opening of office October '83, Camp & Bent Streets.



New offices at Camp & Bent Streets opened in October '83.





Children of employees at Annual Christmas Party.